THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION.

BY W. A. HEMPHILL & CO. | ATLANTA, GEORGIA, WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 12, 1870. | VOLUME II---NUMBER 176

EVENING EDITION.

ATLANTA, GEORGIA, JANUARY 11.

PERSONAL.—We had calls yesterday from Mr. Wooten and Mr. Fitch.

☞ Reading matter on every page.

☞ THE CONSTITUTION will be delivered to members of the Legislature at any point in the city desired.

☞ See Fourth Page.

Judge Brown's Letter.

The letter of Chief Justice Brown has attracted a very wide-spread and varied comment.

Of course it was certain that he would take advantage of the opportunity to reventilate his reconstruction ideas; but it was particularly desirable that the views of all leading men believed to be opposed to Bullock's extreme measures should be obtained.

Notice to Subscribers.

A number of the subscriptions to THE CONSTITUTION are out, and the parties have not remitted to us the amount due.

It is impossible to run a newspaper upon credit. The constant and heavy outlay requires prompt cash payments.

There are many that we know are good, but discrimination can not be made. We should be pleased to have all of our subscribers renew. But unless they send us the money we shall be compelled to drop their names. We hope to hear immediately from all of those whose time are out, instructing us to continue sending the paper, and remitting the subscription.

We will promise you a good paper, full of news, and thoroughly alive to the progress of the age.

A Bad Mistake.

Probably the readers of THE CONSTITUTION were not more surprised this morning than the editor at the naughty little oath that appeared at the conclusion of the editorial article entitled "The Squabble in the House."

The mistake occurred in this way: The word "despotic" was partially written and struck out, but the letter "d" was not reached by the erasing stroke, and the printer set it up, and as the editor did not see the proof, it went in.

We are thus particular in explaining, because we think the use of an oath in a newspaper is an inexcusable breach of propriety. And again, the editor has never used, and does not now use oaths even in private conversation.

There are many, however, who will not improperly conclude that the subject deserved an oath in justice to its iniquity, and that the change designation was not at all amiss. We will say, that if ever a curse word was deserved, it was in this case, though it was unintentional.

The Adjournment of the House a Party Trick.

Yesterday, the Radical officers, *pro. tem.* of the House and Senate refused to listen to motions for adjournment from Democrats, showing a disposition to rush through an organization. hey seemed to think that their plots to intimidate would be successful. But the Democrats standing firm, and the unanimity with which they came up and took the oath in spite of menace, frightened the Radicals?

This morning the organization in the House was resumed, and proceeded slowly.

But every movement scared the Radicals the more. Success is not so certain. The moderate Republicans have shown nerve. Bullock and his henchman are frightened.

To cap the climax, these men who yesterday, were so eager for a swift organization to-day, stop in the middle of the day, adjourn till to-morrow morning, and call for a Radical caucus to juggle up some new devilment to give them control of the body.

Gov. Bullock's plan is to boldly stave off perfecting an organization that don't suit him, or to refuse to recognise the body as organized under the Bill.

Never were conspirators more desperate and reckless. They stop at nothing.

How long? Oh! Catalline!

Judge Richard Clarke's Letter.

A day or two since, during the Editor's absence, a letter was published by Judge Clarke, the law partner of Judge Lochrane, in reply to the statement that the firm of Lochrane & Clarke had been retained by the Radicals to prosecute Democrats for perjury, who the Radicals think might take the oath improperly.

Judge Clarke disavows all connection with the matter, regarding it as a political movement to intimidate Democrats from taking their seats.

The letter is a noble one, and does credit to the author. There are some things that money does not compensate. It is right to punish perjury at all times. But in a crisis like this, when the gravest public interests are at stake; when a wicked effort is being made to overthrow the State Government, and cast us into the control of a bad faction; when the most criminal and revolutionary intimidation is being used to deter eligible, fairly elected, and honest legislators from taking their seats, to protect the State from plunder and mismanagement, men who ally themselves to the scheme, and aid its iniquity, even though by a stretch of professional etiquette, need not be surprised if the people regard their conduct disapprovingly. And those who set themselves against the malignant plot, even though seduced to it under a plausible excuse, that may be honestly believed, will find a rich reward in the gratitude of an oppressed people.

We have no reflection to make upon any men who act honestly in the discharge of their callings, but errors of judgment that aid the downfall of right, are not to be lightly regarded.

In a crisis so momentous, men had better take sides with the right, even at pecuniary sacrifice. The probability that harm may result should make men careful.

There is a government prosecuting officer, of acknowledged ability, to bring criminal matters before the court. He will do his duty. Outside aid, and Democratic aid at that, was resorted to simply for political effect. It was a part of the scaring plot, and deserved failure.

Judge Clarke has raised himself by this chivalric refusal to lend his influence to the dark purposes of these Radical conspirators.

The War Department has received a telegram from New Orleans announcing the death, by conjestion of the lungs, of Brevet Major-General Warren, commanding department of Louisiana.

GEORGIA LEGISLATURE.

The Radicals Adjourn the House to Juggle.

SENATE.

TUESDAY, January 11, 1870.

Senate was called to order by President Conley.

Prayer by Wesley Prettyman.

Journal of yesterday's proceedings read.

Senator Higbee suggested the swearing in of the Secretary and his Assistants.

Senator SPEER did not see any necessity for it, until the Senate was properly organized.

Senator SPEER moved that the Senate adjourn until to-morrow morning at 10 o'clock.

Carried by 17 yeas—14 nays.

Senator P. O. WELCH arrived this morning from Alaska, and will be sworn in to-morrow.

E. D. GRAHAM, Senator from the 3d District, is expected to arrive in a day or so and qualify.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

TUESDAY, January 11, 1870.

The House met this morning at the hour of 10 o'clock, and was called to order by A. L. Harris, chairman pro. tem., who arose and announced that the calling of the Roll having been suspended at the county of Haralson, would progress with the county of Hart.

Members were then qualified as follows:

Hart—James Allen, (col.)

Harris—————— and Samuel Williams.

Burke—John A. Madden.

Heard—M. Shackleford.

Henry—J. A. Maxwell.

Houston—J. W. Matthews, C. C. Duncan, and H. R. Felder.

Jackson—————

Jasper—T. M. Allen, (col.)

Jefferson—————— Alex. Stone, (col.)

Johnson—————

Jones—————

Laurens—George Linder, (col.)

Lee—Samuel Lindsay and G. F. Page.

Liberty—W. A. Golden, (col.)

(The blackest satire on the name we ever saw.)

Lincoln—Platt Madison.

Lowndes—J. M. O'Neal.

Lumpkin—W. P. Price.

Macon—Robert Lumpkin. (c) This wise legislator declined to write his name, but condescended to make his mark.

Madison—

Here the name of J. B. Moore was called. Capt. Scott stated that Boon was dead, and that S. H. Weir, elected under Gov. Bullock's proclamation in Boon's stead, was here ready to qualify. Harris refused to allow him to qualify until after the organization of the House.

Marion—————

McIntosh—T. G. Campbell, Jr. (c)

Merriwether—————— W. D. F. Hall.

Miller—————

Mitchell—————

Montgomery—J. J. McArthur.

Monroe—————— G. H. Clowers, (c)

Milton—G. W. Hook.

Morgan—A. J. Williams and Monday Floyd. (c)

Murray—J. U. Harris.

Muscogee—James G. Maull and Abraham Smith. (c)

Newton—A. H. Lee and J. F. Harden.

Oglethorpe—C. W. Adkins and J. Cunningham.

The House then adjourned until 10 A. M. to-morrow.

[It was announced that a Republican caucus would be held at half-past seven this evening, at room 58, in the Capitol building. This means "training of the animals."]

Georgia News.

The Gainesville Eagle announces the death of James E. Simmons.

THE EXPORTS OF UPLAND COTTON YESTERDAY.—The aggregate exports yesterday, by the various steamships and sailing vessels, were 6,443 bales of upland cotton, besides a large quantity of valuable assorted merchandise.—*Savannah Republican of Sunday.*

The Augusta Chronicle reports that a drunken Carolinian, at Girardey's Opera House, went to sleep before the performance began, and slept till its close. Upon being awakened by the officer when the house was closed, he jumped up, and seeing the drop curtain down, anxiously queried, "I wonder if they ain't going to raise that damned curtain to-night." Augusta is to have a Fair in November.

FUN MADE FOR A GROUNDER.—At a meeting of the gentlemen who own the laboratory property near Macon, held in that city, it was agreed to establish a stock company, and on Tuesday apply for a charter under the name of the "Central Georgia Manufacturing Agricultural Company." The uses of the grounds and buildings are for purposes of holding a Fair in the Fall, and fixing up the grounds for necessary improvements. An engineer is to be employed at once to locate a race track, and a committee employed to arrange for races in the spring. The Telegraph says the gentlemen who control this property are determined to spare neither labor nor expense to improve and ornament for the purposes intended.

TO BE REINSTALLED.—The numerous friends of our old veteran Postmaster, Gen. N. L. Cloud, will be more than happy to learn that he will soon be reinstalled as Postmaster of this city, vice William Ash, *disgusted.* We hope, General, you will hold the office until the Supreme Ruler of the Universe calls you from your earthly labors, to a brighter and better world above. At the municipal election recently held in this city for Mayor and Aldermen, the following gentlemen were elected: For Mayor, Dr. H. S. Jones. Aldermen, A. A. Allen, H. M. Beach, F. L. Bibbit, Dan McNair, A. T. Browne, and Col. W. O. Fleming. Col. Fleming refused to serve, consequently an election will have to be ordered for another Alderman.—*Bainbridge Sun.*

Gov. Hoffman on Federal Affairs and on the Georgia Bill.

In his recent message to the New York Legislature, Gov. Hoffman says:

The people of this State are deeply concerned in a wise administration of Federal affairs. As representing them, I believe it to be my duty, before closing this message, to call attention to, and protest against, whatever in the policy of the General Government strikes at their commercial and agricultural interests, or is in any way prejudicial to their welfare. I protest against the revolutionary course of Congress with reference to the amendments of the Constitution of the United States, by which, among their other efforts at centralization, they seek the absolute control of elections in the States. Powerless themselves to amend it by direct act, and unable to procure the voluntary consent of three-fourths of the States, they force the consent of the Southern States as a condition to representation, and thus override and nullify the will of others, whose proper relations to the Federal Government have never been interrupted, and whom they can not constrain.

I protest against the action of both Congress and the President of the United States, in subjecting the people of Georgia anew to military power, their State Government being in full operation, and the restoration of their constitutional relations with the Federal Government having been recognized by the Federal authorities as complete. I protest against the longer exclusion from representation of any of the States; if any one be excluded the rights of all are unsettled, and the harmony of our Government is destroyed.

NEW YORK AND THE 15TH AMENDMENT.—The action of the New York Legislature in repealing the ratification of the 15th Amendment is variously discussed here. Most of the Republican members declare that the repeal is void and of no effect, while others say that it is entirely legal in view of the fact that the amendment has not been ratified by three-fourths of the legislatures of all the States. The question thus raised was discussed by the House Judiciary Committee at the last session, and it is understood that it is to be presented in each branch next week, so that both Judicial Committees may make a report on it for the guidance of Congress.

THE LOBBY WOMAN.

"Her Ways Take Hold on Hell."

[From Portraits of the Lobby Women of Washington in the New York World.]

A Washington hostelry is eminently moral on the surface. You must have business or baggage, one or the other, to be able to negotiate for permanent board in any of them. In addition to these requirements, the lobbyesses generally hunt in couples. Mrs. Billpusher and her sister, intending to spend the winter in Washington, can very properly apply for modest fourth story apartments, "bedroom and parlor adjoining," and as they are refined looking people, with no lack of money, and with ability to refer to not a few Congressmen of the period, they are received at so much a month and no questions asked. Sometimes Mrs. Billpusher does not bring on a sister, but a lady friend, Miss Memberhooker, for instance. It matters not which, and it matters not whether, after the lapse of a few initiatory weeks, the second leaves or not, which she frequently does. Once established in a fashionable hotel, the next step is to secure a "regular" table" in a commanding quarter of a dining room. This table is at once a base of operations and a stragetic point. It must be central, but not too near the main entrance where the transient guests are herded. It must be accessible from the private stairs and from the public doors. It must be large enough to accommodate three or four persons besides those regularly at it. It must be in a good light, and it must be furnished with a quick, wide-awake, active darkey as waiter. In a day or two that table will lose its integrity as a piece of furniture. It will be sentiently identified with the persons who inhabit around it at meal time. They will be the feature of that scheming spot.

For a few days Mrs. Billpusher and her sister or friend will come down to the aforesaid table alone. Inasmuch as the other permanent lady guests of the house will be probably from the first attended by their fathers, husbands, brothers, or some one else's brothers, this lack of an escort will attract a little notice, but any premature comment will be nullified by the beautifully retiring demeanor of the ladies in the case. They will come down after most of the people are through, will deport themselves with exemplary quietness and retirement, and will leave as modestly as they came in. A day or two thereafter, all the mild misses, and the doubting dames adjacent, will be envy-struck by the appearance at the solitary table of the most dashing of dashing men. His clothes perfectly a la mode, his manners the acme of possession and grace, and his frame compounded of that union of bulk with beauty which fills at once the eye and the aspiration of a woman at first sight. The attentions he will pay to the lone, if not lorn, ladies, whose prior solitude has excited commiseration, will be all what they could desire, and every thing which spectators of the same sex would cover, and compass if they could. "Isn't he elegant?" "Who is he?" "When did he come?" "Where did he come from?" "I wonder if he's her husband?" "Do you see anything singular about him?" "I'm going to get pa to find out at the office what his name is, and all about him!" These and similar sentences will sparkle round the tables concerning him. It never occurs to a single one of the talkers to suspect him to be this woman's keeper instead of her loyal husband or her honorable friend.

Through this morally noisome exquisite Congress-man of political inexperience, loose social habits, of such as he, from their virginity or crimes, never been admitted to regular circles, will be introduced to these women of business and mystery. In a little while a complete and a weekly reinforced cabal will be formed. The mask of ladyhood will still be maintained, but something or other will ere long make the mask transparent, and through it to sensitive eyes will peer and appear the painted features and the ice-cold forehead of those who graft on to the subtle sale of their characters the destinies of laws, made not for the people, but for a few, rendered inaccessible, yet powerful, under the name and form of a corporation. Each day in the dining-room the proprieties will grow limper. Honorables who eat with their knives and come in with unkempt hair to dinner, will be welcomed to the board with the set stage smile, and their greedy eyeballs will leave the perusal of the powerful face to roll coarsely down to and over the snowy shoulders and the arctic globes more than suggested, as the swaying body from its chair bends forward to nutte the man without a stirrup but not without a vote.

The meals will be more a revel than a repast. Before the first course is under way, hotel wines, which bloat coarseness, passion, fellowship, and corruption to high tide, are ordered, and the popping of corks makes the jeering jests inaudible, and all but unheard of for the time is the hollow laugh of the prandial fools of to-night who are also the parliamentary knaves of to-morrow and yesterday. Wine begins, accompanies and closes the eating; and from the table will the party adjourn to the private parlor to more wine, to cards, to flash music, to general chaff, and to such commerce of charms against votes as can be struck between lecherous, drunken, conscienceless man and a wily, willing woman.

In any single "first-class" hotel in Washington, at any time during mid-session, at least half a dozen of these lobbyesses are thus at work at once, each one roping in her dozen or ten of wild-eat Congressmen. The lever of lust is used to pry up more legislators to the sticking point than money itself avails to seduce. Given a "member," with his family and all who can or would care to tell on him hundreds of miles away, and present him all the delights and none of the dangers or expenses of wantonness, and ten to one he falls. The address and cunning with which he can pursue his path, rob the vice of half its hesitation in shearing off its grossness. That a public and a respectable hotel should or would brothelize itself is not to be supposed.

Moreover, unlike the Gospel this thing is done up in a corner; this lobbying is transacted under the guise and gulle of social visits—open sesame to a Congressman any and everywhere in Washington. Tolerated if not caressed are a Congressman's friends, even if not more recently formed than Vencering's oldest and best. Moreover, landlords can afford to be blind. In session, the field of guests is white unto the harvest. Money is power, and so long as the regular bills promptly paid are daily supplanted by costly extras equally quickly settled for, anything short of flagrante delictu will pass for old school Presbyterianism. Nor is anything indictable. Guesses there may be. Indications, perhaps abound. Moral conviction widely obtains. All the virgins and the married bens cry shame, and wonder who is Mrs. Billpusher's dressmaker, and if her diamonds are real. By this time the latter has grown bolder. Society, not knowing either her grandfather or business, will not receive her. So much the worse for society. She always did hate women—all of them but one. So she stans the eye with her dresses, decollette or square in the neck; plays on the keys of the air with the scientifically negligent sweep of her trail; queens it through her room to her table; takes her moselle as often as her Congressional friends, albeit it only flushes and never flusters her; glares down her sisterly critics; and repairs to her private parlor, followed by a wake of Congressional dupes and leeches.

THE PEACH ORCHARDS OF CALIFORNIA. The State of California has 800,000 peach trees, or about five to every voter—enough to produce more than 100 pounds annually for every person. The figures are large, but they are official, and are supposed to be correct. Santa Clara county is down for 70,000 trees, Sacramento for 74,000, El Dorado for 58,000, Sonoma for 52,000, San Joaquin for 45,000, Butte for 40,000, and Napa, Placer, Toulumne, Colusa, Amador, Yolo Yuba, range between 20,000 and 30,000 each. Our climate and soil are well adapted to the peach, and the fruit will in time probably be cultivated on a large scale in this State for drying and curing. [*Alta California.*

Carlotta Patti is said to possess an ungovernable temper, and recently "walloped" her maid in Cincinnati.

City and Suburban Affairs.

PERSONAL.—His Honor, J. V. H. Allen Mayor of Augusta, and Henry Moore, of Chronicle and Sentinel, arrived in the city this morning.

THE PEAK FAMILY.—To-night is announced as the last performance of the unequaled Swiss Bell Ringers. The large and appreciative audiences that greet them everywhere in their progress is a striking proof of their excellence. We bespeak for them to-night, the largest house of the season, as a parting tribute to worth.

OFFICERS OF THE FIRE DEPARTMENT.—On last night, the annual election for officers of the Fire Department came off, with the following result:

W. R. Biggers, of Tallulah, Chief.

O. H. Jones, of Mechanic, 1st Assistant.

M. Wilson, of Hook and Ladder, 2nd Assistant.

After the election was over, the meeting adjourned to Pease's Restaurant, where they were entertained in fine style by O. H. Jones, Esq.

A CHANGE OF PROGRAMME.—A poor young widow in Berlin, coming home the other night, found on her table a note addressed to her, reading as follows:

"MADAME: I came here with the intention of robbing you, but the sight of this respectable and peaceful little room, decorated with religious pictures and adorned with pious souvenirs, and, above all, your two little children, which were quietly sleeping in their little beds and smiling in their dreams, have touched my heart, and instead of depriving you of the little money I found in your drawer, I take the liberty of leaving here $50, hoping that you will accept of them as a tribute of my respect and admiration. True, the money has been stolen; but perhaps in the course of everyday life you have taken money from many a worse man than your

OBEDIENT SERVANT.

☞ Beecher's annual sale of pews has taken place. The Herald says of it: "The sales amounted to four thousand dollars more than last year. It is fair to presume that shares in Plymouth church godliness have a steady upward tendency. One drawback, such as the managers of other places of amusements have frequently complained of, was also experienced by Plymouth church. Speculators, it is said, in some instances made their little income by investing cheaply in reserved seats and selling out at increased rates to later comers."

☞ A New York paper reports Greeley's table-talk at the De Groat dinner. Amongst other things, he said:

"If the Democrats had run Hancock and Hendricks they would have carried Pennsylvania and Ohio last October a year, and that would have elected them in November." * * "If Chase had been nominated last year the Tribune would have gone Grant, but would have told the truth about the Chief Justice. He would have carried all the Southern States. He's the greatest man we have now." * * "Mark Twain never saw my farm, and all his writing about me is pure and impure fun."

Personal

Eugenie's orang-outang has the measles.

A Chicago lawyer compelled his lady client to sell her underclothes to pay his fees.

The Philadelphia Post denies that John Russell Young is to have editorial charge of it.

R. Hoe & Co., the printing-press manufacturers, of New York, have permanently closed up their branch factory at Boston.

The Cumberland Presbyterians claim to be the only Presbyterian Church of purely American origin. They are discussing the propriety of changing their name to "The American Presbyterian Church."

The Chicago Times considers it a notable fact that the only swords Butler took during the war are those now being sued for under the claim that they were stolen. The only sword he ever drew was one in a lottery, which tripped him up at Big Bethel.

Louis Joseph Buffet, the new French Minister of Finance, was born at Mirecourt, in the Vosges, in the year 1818. Until the revolution of 1848, he was a lawyer, enjoying a lucrative practice in his native place, but was little known in politics.

Pamela, daughter of the unfortunate Lord Edward Fitzgerald, the Irish patriot of '98, has just died in Ireland at an advanced age. Her mother, the more famous "Pamela," was the reputed daughter of Madame de Genlis and the Duke of Orleans (Egalite.) Madame's denial of the story is not credited. Pamela was the companion of the Duke's children; and her marriage with Lord Edward was one of intense affection, although after his tragic death, she married a Mr. Pitcairn, American Consul at Hamburg, but the parties were soon divorced. Her daughter, just deceased, was the widow of Sir Guy Campbell, and a lovely and accomplished woman.

☞ The Dublin Times states that, by permission of the Home Secretary of England, the news of O'Donovan Rossa's election for Tipperary was communicated to the political convict. After evincing great surprise at the news, he is said to have satirically remarked that "he hoped Government would remove him from Chatham to Milbank Penitentiary in London, so that he might be able to attend to his Parliamentary duties.

THE LIVING MACHINE.—Injure the main spring of a watch and every portion of the works becomes disordered. The human stomach is to the human system what that elastic piece of metal is to a chronometer. It influences the action of the other organs, and controls, to a certain extent, the whole living machine. The comparison may be carried farther; for as the weakness or other imperfections of the main spring is indicated on the face of the time-piece, so also is the weakness or other disorder of the stomach betrayed by the face of the invalid. The complexion is sallow or faded, the eyes are deficient in lustre and intelligence, and there is a worn, anxious expression in the whole countenance which tell as plainly as written words could do, that the great nourishing organ whose office it is to minister to the wants of the body, and to sustain and renew all its parts, is not performing its duty. It requires renovating and regulating, and to accomplish this end Hostetter's Stomach Bitters may be truly said to be the one thing needful. The broken main spring of a watch may be replaced by a new one, but the stomach can only be repaired and strengthened, and this is one of the objects of the famous vegetable restorative which for eighteen years has been waging a successful warfare with dyspepsia in all climates. As a specific for indigestion it stands alone. When the resources of the pharmacopœia have been exhausted, without, at best, doing more than mitigating the complaint, a course of this wholesome and palatable, yet powerful, stomachic effects a perfect and permanent cure. In all cases of dyspepsia the liver is more or less disordered, and upon this important gland he as well as upon the stomach and bowels, the Bitters act, with singular distinctness, regulating and reinvigorating every secretive and assimilating organ on which bodily and mental health depend.

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☞ Queen Victoria has sixteen grandchildren.

Garden Seeds!

Garden Seeds!

GARDEN, FIELD AND FLOWER SEEDS!

Osage Orange,

—AND—

BROOM CORN SEED, ETC.,

ARRIVING in endless variety, at Wholesale and Retail, at

MARK W. JOHNSON'S,

Guano Depot,

December 29, 1869-da W1m Broad street.

DR. E. D. WITHERS,

(Late of Danville, Va.,)

TENDERS HIS PROFESSIONAL SERVICES AS

Pyhsician and Surgeon,

To the citizens of Atlanta and its vicinity. He can be found at his office on Whitehall street, over the store of Chamberlin, Boynton & Co.

Office hours from 8 A. M. to 4 P. M., where he can be consulted, unless professionally engaged.

☞ Private residence on the corner of Peachtree and Ellis streets, formerly occupied by J. H. James.

January 1, 1870—deod4tAW6w

B. A. Fahnestock's

VERMIFUGE!

WHY is it that so many children die under the age of five years? That a large proportion of children die under that age, has long been a subject of remark, and without a satisfactory cause ascertained, it is certain.

Also, is is known that worms exist in the human system from its earliest infancy; therefore parents, especially mothers, who are more constantly with their children can not be too observing of the first *symptoms of worms;* for so surely as they exist, can they be safely and certainly removed from the most Delicate Infant, by the timely use of

B. A. Fahnestock's Vermifuge.

It is perfectly harmless, contains no Mercury, being a purely Vegetable Composition, and may be administered with the utmost safety to children of all ages.

Worm Confections, made more for the purpose of pleasing the palate than of overcoming the disease, have been manufactured all over the country, but their short lease of life is nearly exhausted, and B. A. Fahnestock's Vermifuge continues to grow in favor daily.

CAUTION.

Should occasion require you to purchase B. A Fahnestock's Vermifuge, be particularly careful too see that the initials are B. A. This is the article that has been so

Favorably Known Since 1829,

And purchasers must insist on having it, if they do not wish to have an invillation forced upon them.

Schwartz & Haslett,

FORMERLY

B. A. Fahnestock's, Son & Co.,

Sole Proprietor's Pittsburgh, Pa.

dec9-deod&wly

TO THE WORKING CLASS.—We are now prepared to furnish all classes with constant employment at home, the whole of the time or for the spare moments. Business new, light and profitable. Persons of either sex easily earn from 50c. to $5 per evening, and a proportional sum by devoting their whole time to the business. Boys and girls earn nearly as much as men. That all who see this notice may send their address, and test the business, we make this unparalleled offer: To such as are not well satisfied we will send $1 to pay for the trouble of writing. Full particulars, a valuable sample, which will do to commence work on, and a copy of *The Peoples Literary Companion*—one of the largest and best family newspapers published—all sent free by mail. Reader, if you want permanent, profitable work, address E. C. ALLEN & CO., Augusta, Maine.

oct26-d&wsm

Cherokee High School.

ACWORTH, GA.

THE Spring Term of this School opens the Third Monday in January, 1870. An able Board of Teachers has be n secured. It is believed that this is the cheapest School in Georgia, as well as one of the most thorough and most practical. Tuition from $15 to $20 per year. Two hundred dollars will cover all the necessary expenses of a student for the Scholastic year. Acworth is easy of access, being 35 miles above Atlanta, immediately on the Railroad. For further information or for circulars, address,

J. A. CAESWELL,

Principal.

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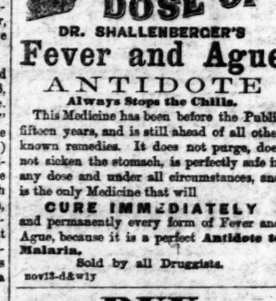

DR. SHALLENBERGER'S

Fever and Ague

ANTIDOTE

Always Stops the Chills.

This Medicine has been before the Public fifteen years, and is still ahead of all other known remedies. It does not purge, does not sicken the stomach, is perfectly safe in any dose and under all circumstances, and is the only Medicine that will

CURE IMMEDIATELY

and permanently every form of Fever and Ague, because it is a perfect Antidote to Malaria.

Sold by all Druggists.

nov13-d&wly

BUY

YOUR

FURNITURE

—OF—

RONDEAU & CO.,

15 Decatur Street.

jan9-d1m

IN the District Court of the United States for the Northern District of Georgia.—In the matter of Tennessee & Virginia, Jr. Bankrupt. The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment of Assignee of above named Bankrupt, who has been duly adjudged upon creditors' petition, and his acceptance of the same.

A. B. CULBERSON,

Assignee.

Rm. please copy.

Baltimore Notices.

GEORGE PAGE & CO.

MANUFACTURERS OF

PATENT PORTABLE CIRCULAR

SAW MILLS,

Also Stationary and Portable

Steam Engines, &c.

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MORNING EDITION.

ATLANTA, GEORGIA, JANUARY 12.

PERSONAL.—We had the pleasure of calls yesterday from Mr. Burns, of the Greensboro Herald, and Maj. Rufus Lester, of Savannah.

Colfax on Grant.

Schuyler Colfax, Vice President of the United States, has written a communication lauding President Grant's administration. He claims economy in the public service, honest collection of taxes, decreased power of Rings, steady reduction of the public debt, decline in gold, just exercise of the pardon power, a fine list of public appointments, a gladdening execution of Reconstruction, humanity to Indians, positive advocacy of the 15th Amendment, masterly treatment of the Alabama claims, and elegant neutrality in the Cuba case.

It is quite as tasty a piece of whitewashing as the genial smiler ever did. He prudently avoids particulars, and deals in generalities.

Andrew Jackson's Glory.

Andrew Jackson's glory to-day lies not any more in the battle of New Orleans, however brilliant and unique that splendid achievement, but in that one loyal, prophetic sentence, "The Union; it must and shall be preserved." Gathered up in those few ringing words of prescient statesmanship lies the claim of Jackson on the hearts of the American people in the long unfolding years of our expanding history. In them lay wrapped up the history of the great war of the rebellion. Speaking them, Jackson spoke for the brave men and loyal women of 1860.—[Forney's Washington Chronicle.

Radical cant is certainly a unique concern. Fighting to preserve the Union, the Radical party broke it up in the very hour of successful preservation.

Then restoring it by Reconstruction, the same false faction, still howling Union, has again broken it by the expulsion of one of the very States, Georgia, that it put in the Union to complete it.

Prating of Union with hot zeal, Radicalism fashions and refashions, smashes and remoulds, rends to pieces and patches up the poor fabric in about the same way that children demolish and reconstruct their mud pies.

The truth is, that the Radical is a warm bigot in favor of the Union that secures Radical power. Col. Forney's rhetoric is very glib and orate, but it is the veriest balderdash ever written, in the light of his party's record.

The Situation.

The situation is full of interest. Step by step the Radicals have progressed in reorganizing the Legislature, and each step has shown them the precariousness of their success.

They counted fully on frightening the Democrats, but their bluster has, so far, failed. They are trembling in their boots; and without authority, yesterday—and without motion—Harris, the presiding officer, pro tem., announced the House adjourned, at 12 o'clock, until to-day. This was done when a little over half the members were sworn in. And it was done after a messenger from the Executive Department had come in and consulted with Harris. But before the adjournment was announced, Newton, the Clerk, arose and said there would be a caucus of the Radical party at seven o'clock in the evening. As this party caucus announcement was made during the session of the body, and thus formed a part of the official proceedings of the Legislature, the superlative effrontery and unblushing lawlessness of these conspirators is shown. And when it is remembered that the previous day, a Democratic motion to adjourn was not even entertained, the authority taken by Harris, at Executive manipulation, to stop the organization, to adjourn the session until the next day, and to call for a Radical caucus before the body was declared adjourned, constitutes about as shameless a piece of high comedy as was ever perpetrated on the stage of a bawdy theatre.

Clothed in a little brief authority, these harlequins are playing fantastic tricks that would be folly, were they not serious, and would elicit the smile of contempt, were they not the cloak to grave tragedy, involving a people's weal.

Numberless rumors are afloat. It is believed they are besieging General Terry to get further Congressional interference—that they want Congressional endorsement of Farrow's opinion, and further means to intimidate Democrats. They also, it is said, want General Terry to issue an order declaring those Democrats, against whom Campbell and O'Neal have entered protests, ineligible to their seats until the Courts have decided their status.

A word in regard to these protests. They are printed documents protesting against the members mentioned taking their seats, on the ground that they fall within the list of ineligible members. When it is remembered that the 5th section of the Georgia Bill declares it a penal offense to interrupt men from taking their seats who have sworn the oath, it will be seen that these protests make the parties liable for criminal prosecution for violating that section. And the cowardly nature of the white Radicals is shown by the fact that these protests have all been offered by Campbell, a negro member of the Senate, and O'Neal, a negro member of the House. With characteristic duplicity, and cowardice, the blacks have been pushed forward into the dangerous place.

The union of the moderate Republicans and the Democrats, against Bullock's desperate schemes, has given the latter much trouble. The moderate Republicans recognize that it is a crisis without party lines in it, when all questions are merged into the great one of the preservation of the State against bad men, who seek the sovereignty of an unlimited despotism.

Col. Dougherty Denies that He has been Employed by the Radicals.

It is with feelings of most unfeigned satisfaction that we publish the following from Col. Dougherty. He is one of the ablest lawyers in the whole country, and as staunch to right as able.

SAVANNAH, January 11, 1870.

Editor Constitution: My name is used in connection with *reconstruction* criminal prosecutions without my authority.

W. D. DOUGHERTY.

The desperate plot of the Radicals to intimidate worthy Democrats from taking the oath in the Georgia Bill was crowned by the insidious attempt to seduce into co-operation with the atrocious project, Democratic legal authority of great weight. Col. Dougherty's name is a tower of strength. The bar of Georgia has no more formidable member, and the conspirators knew the value of his services.

We had at the time a hope and a feeling that the statement was untrue. We knew Col. Dougherty, the enthusiasm of his opposition to the effort to Radicalize Georgia, and also the lofty nature of his character, and we were loth to believe the statement. We knew also that he was absent in Savannah.

No one has a higher idea of the catholicity of the law than we have, nor would we circumscribe one iota the range of its advocacy.

But in this case, the attempt to drive our men from the Legislature under a law framed for that very purpose, in order to give the State into the hands of a set of bad men, and open the way for our ruin at Gov. Bullock's hands, was so patent and so wicked, that we did think it was due to the people of Georgia, due to right and humanity, that no patriotic man should, in the slightest degree, give it the countenance of his name, no matter at what pecuniary gain.

We were glad that Judge Clarke spoke out against it. We are glad that Col. Dougherty has spoken. And the good people of this State will not forget them.

Conley the Prophet.

Not the least remarkable of the remarkable matters of the parliamentary farce now going on in Georgia under Radical manipulation, was the speech of Conley, newly elected President of the Senate, upon taking his seat.

It at least had the wit of brevity, if not the leaven of truth. It fairly blazed in its brief limits with partizan rancor, and dealt in the stale venom of old slanders. We rather opine that it was, like all the rest of the Radical action in this affair, cut and dried by the head jugglers, and that whoever might have been elected, would have spoken that speech. In other words it had its allotted part in the nefarious comedy.

We pass over those refreshing and original paragraphs that there has been no peace for Union men against Democratic violence. Congress stamped these hackneied slanders as false, when it ignored them entirely in its action preliminary to the passage of the Georgia Bill; when it did not even think it necessary to call for the evidence, and when it openly avowed that the ratification of the 15th Amendment was what it was after. Nobody believes them. And the only result of their expression is that the bird that thus needlessly and gratuitously befouls its own nest, merely shows his title to being considered an unusually dirty bird.

But there are some other paragraphs in the speech that are noticeable enough to call forth a word of comment.

This statement is certainly on this order: "The government has determined that in this Republic, which is not, never was, and never can be a democracy, that in this Republic, *Republicans shall rule.*"

The italics are ours.

Is this the utterance of Congress sent out to be told to Georgians through Conley as a simple automatic mouth-piece? Or, is it that delectable functionary's own bantling?

Let it be which it may, it shows the animus of the whole party clearly. It is an excellent statement of the governing rule of the faction. Right or wrong, Radicalism means to control. It intends to govern, if need be, on the ruins of the Republic. It will override law. It will stop at no act of desperation to retain its power.

The conduct of the Radicals in this crisis, exactly accords with this view. Never have men pursued a more reckless course of high-handed outrage.

The issue is clearly made. The bold fiat has authoritatively gone forth, that the Republic is to be run in the groove of Radical despotism. Each day more openly reveals the projects of these conspirators against our liberties.

Conley has yet to see the fulfillment of his prophecy.

MOVING SOUTH-WESTWARD.

Probable Effect of the Negro Exodus.

We gave some facts yesterday about certain remarkable movements of population which are in progress in the Southern States—showing that the colored race is moving toward the cotton-growing region of the far South, while the poorer classes of whites is moving toward the newer States west of the Mississippi. In connection with these facts, we may notice some statements made in the exhibit of last year's cotton crop, just published by the Department of Agriculture. In Alabama, the crop of the past year was eight per cent. more than the crop of the previous year; in Florida, it was seven per cent. more; in Louisiana, twelve per cent. more; in Mississippi, fifteen per cent. more; and in Texas, twenty-five per cent. more. In the Carolinas, Georgia and Tennessee, on the other hand, the crop of the past year averaged ten per cent. less than the crop of the previous year.

These facts are curiously coincident with the movement of the colored population in the South. It has been during the last twelve or eighteen months that the migration of colored laborers to the Gulf States has been in noticeable progress. If this migration continues to increase as it has done of late, we shall soon see a still further and much greater increase in the cotton crop, as well as the colored population, of the region lying north of the "black belt"—unless, indeed, we see a large increase in the white class of small cotton planters.—*New York Tribune.*

The Khedive in New York—Ex-Confederate Generals and Others Enter his Service.

From the New York Sun.]

It is rather singular that the growing Eastern question, which now seems to be approaching a serious crisis, should just now excite so much interest in military circles in the United States. But such is the fact. It appears certain that a struggle is impending between the Sultan of Turkey and his vassal, the Khedive of Egypt, to decide whether the latter shall become independent, or whether he shall be deposed and the absolute control of affairs of that rich province again rest with the Sultan. Already a number of ex-general officers have accepted high commands in the Khedive's service, and have sailed for Egypt.

Among the ex-Confederate generals who have sailed for Cairo to enter upon their important commands are the well-known "old regular" Sibley, the inventor of the tent of that name, and Loring, once of the Mounted Rifles. Negotiations are going on with many others, and it is like that fifty or sixty more gentlemen, famed as engineers, artillery, cavalry and infantry officers, will be en route to Egypt, there to reap honors, fame, and fortune in the great Eastern conflict soon to arouse the attention of the world.

GOV. WARMOUTH'S MESSAGE.—The Governor of Louisiana sent in his message on the 6th. He advises co-operation on levees with Arkansas, Mississippi, Louisiana and the General Government, and the assessment of a special tax for levee purposes.

He favors encouragement of feasible works of internal improvements, public education and immigration. He believes that the New Orleans, Mobile and Chattanooga Railroad and Ship Island Canal will be completed at an early day; also recommends the immediate repeal of the recent gambling law.

He also sends a special message, beginning as follows: "It becomes my duty to communicate to your honorable body grave charges against George M. Wickliffe, the auditor of public accounts."

Of course many hard things against the auditor follows.

☞ Napoleon thinks Victor Hugo the greatest writer of the day; and Victor Hugo thinks Napoleon the greatest wronger of the day.

☞ Old Auber, who was recently reported to be falling rapidly into the childishness of extreme old age, is said to have recovered much of his former intellectual vigor.

WOMAN'S RIGHTS.

The Cause in Boston—Some of the Luminaries—A New Journal, Etc.

Correspondence of the N. Y. Tribune.]

BOSTON, Jan. 1, 1870.—The Woman's Journal makes its first appearance January 8. It is edited by Julia Ward Howe, T. W. Higginson, Mr. Garrison, Lucy Ston, and Mrs. Livermore, the latter lady being the managing editor. The first number will contain a salutatory and various book notices from Mrs. Howe. She will have entire charge of the theatrical department. Mr. Higginson will have an article on the attitude of Harvard toward women, and Mr. Garrison a review of Carlos White's *Ecce Femina*. Mrs. Livermore writes under the suggestive title of "Push Things." Various European correspondents have been engaged, and the editors evince a determination to make the paper an esthetic milestone of the cause. The office is in the building rented by the

WOMAN'S CLUB,

which is now solely occupied by women. It is in Tremont-place, a quiet, dingy, dull little no-thoroughfare opening out of Beacon street. The house itself is as dingy and as quiet—the very opposite of Delmonico's. It is the picture of practical cosiness and common-sense, substantially solid as Faneuil Hall and Franklin Monument. The carpets are faded, but the women who tread them radiate wit and wisdom. The tables are old, but they bear the newest fruits of philosophy. The sofas and chairs are worn, but the grandest men and women of New England have rested upon them. Pretty land scapes hang around, and Emerson's earnest face looks down from the wall. In one of the parlors you find a committee meeting—a group of thoughtful women—many of them distinguished in literature. All are attired in dark-stuff dresses with the whitest and neatest of collars and cuffs. Mrs. Sewall's dainty head and fine face are visible in one corner. Opposite sits Edna Cheney—she of the noble figure and genial philosophy. One little literary woman knits quietly by the fire, and the earnest, soulful talk goes on in total oblivion of diamonds, point lace, satin and the like.

Once a month the Club has a Tea —— to which are invited notable men as well as women. They have poems and speeches, and a child-like piquant jollity reigns. Mrs. Howe makes out women like a happy school-girl, and throws her sparkling bonmots right and left. Emerson jokes with quaint boyishness, and the dignified Sewall bubbles over with humor. The ladies wear what they please—which is generally a walking dress of some dark material. They have charades and tableax also. At a recent tea, Mrs. Cheney appeared as Pere Hyacinth, a character which her round fair face and large figure strikingly fitted her.

Afternoon readings and lectures are given before the club at short intervals. Emerson and Dr. Channing are soon to lecture there. As an organization in which obtains the finest culture, the truest womanliness, the highest spirituality, the Boston Woman's Club takes precedence of any similar one in the country.

Political.

Governor Chamberlain, of Maine, favored in his message the exemption of savings' banks from taxation to the fullest extent.

Gov. Haight has appointed Jackson Temple, of this city, Judge of the Supreme Court vice Saunderson, resigned.

The Governor of Missouri recommends the removal of State political disabilities from citizens who were engaged on the losing side in the late war.

Hon. J. B. Grinnell denies that he is a candidate for United States Senator from Iowa, and says that no person has had authority to announce him as such.

Those of the women of Vermont, who fee interested in the subject of Woman's suffrage, are to hold a convention in Montpelier, on Wednesday, Feb. 2.

It is announced authoritatively that Judge Orr will not be a candidate for the vacant seat on the Supreme Bench of South Carolina. He wishes to retain his seat in the Circuit Court.

MEMPHIS MUNICIPAL ELECTION.—*Memphis Jan. 6.*—The municipal election passed off quietly. John Johnson, the regular Democratic candidate, was elected Mayor by probably 1,000 majority.

Governor Hayes, of Ohio, suggested in his message to the Legislature that provision be made for a thorough examination of the workings of the New York Inebriate Asylum, with a view of establishing a similar institution in Ohio.

We have on one or two occasions expressed the conviction that after General Grant, the next best man for the Radical party to nominate for the Presidency, in 1872, is the Cardiff Giant. The assurance from the New York papers that the Cardiff Giant is a humbug, only serves to deepen that conviction.—*Prentice.*

The Buffalo Courier graciously says that "the assumption of Congress having been properly rebuked" by the vote rescinding New York's ratification of the 15th Amendment, it does not care how soon the unconditional right of suffrage is extended, "by the only authority which is competent to extend it," to the negro inhabitants of the State.

THE NEW HAMPSHIRE GOVERNORSHIP.—Governor Stearns, of New Hampshire, was renominated by acclimation by the Republican Convention of that State. To the surprise of nearly everybody in the Convention he declined, on account of his health. Subsequently, however, the declination was withdrawn. The resolutions support Congress in everything, favor temperance and denounce the New York Legislature.

The Washington correspondent of the Cincinnati Enquirer says that, so far as can be learned, there is still a bare majority of the Reconstruction Committee against applying the test oath, and thereby reorganizing the Legislature of Virginia; but it is not doubted that the Committee will recommend certain conditions precedent to the admission of the State, such as requiring the State not to change her laws regarding the education and civil status of the colored population.

At it again, to be sure! Not satisfied with excluding Virginia, Mississippi and Texas, from representation in Congress, or remanding to military rule, Georgia, after it had complied with all the conditions of reconstruction, the Radical members of the House of Representatives proposed to oust two Democratic members (one from New York and one from Pennsylvania) and put in their seats two notorious men of their own party, C. H. Van Wyck and John Covode. How long shall these things be?—*N. Y. World.*

CONGRESSIONAL LEGISLATION.—An examination of the business before reaching the House, shows that a much larger amount of legislation has been blocked out than has been generally supposed. In the House nearly six hundred bills are pending, and in the Senate over three hundred have been introduced. Of this number twenty-five relate to financial matters, six propose free banking, three relative to a redistribution of the National Bank currency, and only one provides for an additional issue of National Bank notes and proposes to fund the public debt and provide for resuming specie payments.

STATE DINNERS.—"Data" of the Baltimore American, says, the President will give a state dinner every two weeks. At the second the judges of the Supreme Court and members of the Cabinet will be present. Then at succeeding dinners will follow Senators, and then Representatives, until all high officials shall have been entertained.

☞ There will probably be 100,000 miles of railroad in operation in this country before the close of the century. 50,000 miles are now operated.

"WOMAN'S RIGHTS" PRACTICALLY EXEMPLIFIED.—The Lewistown, Me., Journal tells the following good story:

A gentleman of this city who is inclined to favor woman's rights had rather a warm discussion at his breakfast the other morning with his better half and mother, who, strange to say, are opposed to his opinions on these questions. He went away to his business feeling quite elated, for he thought he had gained the victory in the argument. Upon coming home to dinner he found the table half set, the domestic arrangements in a state of confusion, and looking into the sitting room he was astounded to find the ladies of the house in decided *negligee* dresses, and unkempt hair, with feet on chairs, one perusing the President's Message and the other intently reading the New York Tribune. Upon seeing this new exemplification of woman's rights, the gentleman acknowledged himself beaten.

The Fashions.

Hiram Green, the humorous contributor of the Troy Budget, thus takes off the fashions:

Whoops is discarded and cut off with a shillin, like the prodigal sons who roll em in the parks. It is a safe bet to say that whoops is gone back to that legitimate okupashun of embrassin barrel staves, instead of easyingly embrasin, the form of erth's fairest flowers.

In gentlemen's shoocs, gimlet holes have been worn pooty extensively in the toes. Theese, we suppose, is vents to carry off the bad air.

Waterfalls, owin to the late freshets, has riz a good eel. It takes now about a 4-years of a 16 canowl hossis tails to supply a fust class bell with this article of head geer. Ladies, to ballance their waterfalls, are sometimes forst to stoop forword. This produces the grishun bend.

Steal trimmins haint so fashionable as they use to be with the wimin fokes, but amungst the men, if the newspapers don't lie, it is getting to be adopted pooty lively. Unlike any other fashun, drawsbacks seems to give the steal fashun a hist. Especially is this the case among the fashionables in the New York Custom House.

Men's trowsers are worn one-sixteenth of an inch longer in the limbs, and coats about the same distance shorter than they were worn last yeer. Every fashunable young man possesses his own private spile driver with wich to force his fragile form into his trowsers and a patent jack-screw to raise his hibias corpus up under the abbreviated extremity of his best cote.

The laitest stile of neck tize is worn with a not under the left ear. These are not generally worn out, but I cood name a few of my ackwaintances whood look "gallus" drest in this stile. The buty of them is that a person will never wear any other as long as he lives. They are becoming with a black cap drawn pooty well down over the eyes, to give a feller a bully appearants.

☞ It is a curious fact that men who have been prodigal of their lives in battle, and have passed through many "hair-breadth escapes i' th' deadly breach," should have so great a dread of death when it comes from the hand of an assassin. It is said that Cromwell was never seen to smile after he had read "Killing no Murder," in which was advocated his assassination. Sir Neil Campbell, in his journal lately published, gives us a graphic account of the fear which Napoleon felt for his life during the journey from Fontainebleau to Elba. On leaving Orange, where he had been received with derision and abuse, he left his carriage, and, enveloping himself in a Russian cloak, and wearing the white cockade in a common round hat, he rode on in advance of his escort, accompanied by only a single courier, and during the rest of the journey repeatedly changed name and clothes with the commissioners who accompanied him. So chary, then, of life was the hero of Lodi.—[Cassell's Magazine.

BIRD'S-EYE VIEW OF NEW YORK.—Population about 1,000,000, and one-half were born in the United States and the other half in foreign countries, of forty different nationalities. 4,000,000 barrels of flour and 9,000,000 bushels of wheat are brought in every year; number of animals received at the markets, including beef cattle, milch cows, calves, sheep and swine, is 2,776,492; city meat bill for one year is over $30,000,000. There are 700 bakers, 1,4000 butchers, and 2,000 grocers, who find occupation in furnishing food for the people. Not only meat, but drink, must be had for our population. An aqueduct, forty miles in length, costing $20,000,000, pours into our reservoirs 60,000,000 gallons daily. The total length of the Croton main pipes now laid is over 313 miles, and the water has been introduced into 66,925 dwellings and stores, 1,617 manufactories, and 307 churches. The yearly sum paid for water rents is $1,319,544. Tea and coffee to the amount of $30,000,000 are annually brought to the city. The money spent for intoxicating liquors is variously estimated at from $38,000,000 to 68,000,000 a year.

☞ The New York specials say the production of "Hamlet" at Booth's Theatre on Wednesday evening, drew together an immense audience. The play was more superbly put upon the stage than any before produced in any country. Fifteen months' work were spent in preparation for this occasion, and no money withheld to make it a great event in dramatic annals. Fechter and Miss McCleary, the lady who comes to act with him, were present in Mrs. Booth's box. The two great scenes, of the audience hall in the King's palace, and the graveyard scene, in the fifth act, excited the utmost enthusiasm in the audience. Booth, under the eye of his great rival, was stimulated to the greatest exertions, and never played better. The cost of production exceeded $50,000.

BALTIMORE, January 6.—The Legislature has been fully organized. The message of Governor Bowie puts the funded debt of the State at $12,692,938 96. As an offset to this the State holds stocks and bonds on which dividends and interest are received to the amount of $7,228,413 22, leaving an actual debt of $5,464,525 74. The message opposes mixed schools, but suggests that the tax received from colored tax-payers for school purposes be devoted to the education of the colored children, and that educational facilities be extended to them by the State. The message is of great length, and confined principally to State matters. In discussing the Fifteenth Amendment, he contends that the question of suffrage should be left entirely to the control of the several States.

☞ Few who have read Dr. Watt's hymn, commencing "How vain are all things here below," are aware of the fact that he composed it after his suit had been rejected by Miss Singer, afterward the celebrated Mrs. Rowe. The lady would have preferred the doctor, but he was so slow in declaring his passion, that she became tired of waiting, and had accepted Mr. Rowe when the poet made known his wishes.

☞ At a recent Catholic Church Fair in Kansas City, an elegant set of bedroom furniture was voted to the handsomest young lady, who, however, was obliged to agree that if she does not become a bride within twelve months she will forfeit the plunder and return it to the church. There will be an opening for some bashful bachelor who is anxious to get into matrimony, but isn't able to procure the facilities. The girl should hang out a sign, "To let—furnished lodgings for a young man—inquire within."

ENGLAND.—*London, Jan. 8.*—The Review thinks the chances are decidedly against the repudiation of the national debt on the part of the United States Government, because its payment is easy and profitable.

Charles Dickens made another speech at Birmingham last evening. In the course of his remarks, he alluded to the fact that a former speech of his had been misunderstood, and he would, therefore, take this opportunity to re-state his political ground. He said he had no faith in the people with a small governing power, but entire faith in the people with a large governing power. He put infinite trust in the masses, but none whatever in the so-called ruling classes.

☞ The Polish-Land Emigration Company, of which Hon. Caleb Cushing is President, has just purchased 33,000 acres of land, lying on both sides of the James River, in Amherst, Rockingham and Bedford counties, Virginia. It is proposed to place a colony of Poles on the purchased tract, and the transportation of such emigrants to this country will at once be begun, under the charge of Gen. Smolenski, the Director of Emigration.

☞ An amusement of idlers at Ostend, this past season, was to befuddle the crabs, by dipping them into grog. The crustacean is said to have performed queer contortions, but the most curious point is, that when let go again upon the beach, it no longer ran backward, according to its wont, but straight forward. The crab is not singular in this. Many topers are never sober enough to do business, until they are "half seas over."

☞ A few months ago, the prophets of a new religion made their appearance in Russia, preaching self-destruction by fire as the only sure road to salvation. So readily did the ignorant and superstitious peasantry receive their doctrine, that in one large village no less than 1,700 persons assembled in some wooden houses, and having barricaded the doors and windows, set the building on fire and perished in the flames.

WOLFE'S SCHIEDAM SCHNAPPS AS A MEDICINE AND BEVERAGE.—As a general beverage, a necessary corrector of water rendered impure by vegetable decomposition or other causes, as Limestone, Sulphate of Copper, etc., the Aromatic Schiedam Schnapps is superior to every other alcoholic preparation. Its purity and exemption from all grossly intoxicating properties, combined with its mildly stimulating and invigorating elements, establish it as the only alcoholic beverage in our country that can be imbibed with pleasure and safety. The nervous torpor and debility which follow the administration of other alcoholic preparations and mixtures of the day, succeeded by their intense and painful nervous reactions, are unknown as the subsequent effects of the Schiedam Schnapps, even when taken so freely; while as a *Stomachic*, a *Tonic Appetiser*, it stands pre-eminent among the established curatives of the day.

A public trial of twenty years' duration, in every section of our country, of the Schiedam Aromatic Schnapps; its unsolicited indorsement by the medical faculty, and a sale unequaled by any other alcoholic distillation, have insured for it the reputation of purity and salubrity claimed for it by the proprietor on its original introduction to the public.

Put up in quart and pint bottles, handsomely wrapped in yellow paper.

For sale by all druggists, apothecaries and grocers in the United States.

UDOLPHO WOLFE'S ESTATE,
Sole Importers and Proprietors,
No. 22 Beaver St., New York.
Redwine & Fox, Agents, Atlanta.
oct13—d3m.

New Advertisements.

CERTAIN PRESERVATION OF SIGHT!

WE HAVE APPOINTED

LAWSHE & HAYNES,

JEWELERS,

50 Whitehall Street, Atlanta, Ga.,

Sole Agents in this vicinity for the sale of our celebrated perfected

SPECTACLES AND EYE-GLASSES.

The peculiar form of Lens with which they are set, the purity and hardness of the material, the beauty of finish, and not least the Scientific

ACCURACY WITH WHICH THEY are GROUND,

Render them altogether the most desirable. They assist the sight most perfectly, cause a continuous and

ABIDING IMPROVEMENT

In the Eyes, are especially easy and pleasant to wear, and last a

GREAT MANY YEARS,

Without requiring to be changed, so are the

CHEAPEST AS WELL AS THE BEST.

CAUTION—We never supply or employ any peddlers.

LAZARUS & MORRIS,
Manufacturing Opticians, Hartford, Conn.
jan13-dim

Notice to Debtors and Creditors.

STATE OF GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY. All persons having demands against Benjamin F. King, deceased, late of said county, are hereby notified and required to present them, properly attested to A. M. Reinhardt, (office in Railroad Block, Atlanta, Ga.,) attorney for the undersigned, within the time prescribed by law. And all persons indebted to said deceased are hereby required to make immediate payment to the undersigned, through said A. M. Reinhardt. This January 11, 1870.

MARY A. KING, Executrix.
W. J. BOSTON, Executor.
jan12-dla6w

N. R. FOWLER, Auctioneer.

Nelson Street Lots.

ON NEXT FRIDAY AFTERNOON, January 14th, 1870, commencing at 4 o'clock, on the premises we will sell,

TWO BEAUTIFUL RESIDENCE LOTS,

fronting 50 feet each on west side of Nelson street, and extending back 150 feet.

These 2 lots are just below Judge Collier's, and in the immediate neighborhood of Mr. Sharp, Vines Fish, Coran, T. S. Wells and others, and are strictly first-class property.

Parties intending to select a beautiful place to build on are invited to attend this sale. Terms cash.

WALLACE & FOWLER.
jan12-d3t

NOTICE!

TOLLED before me as an estray on the 11th day of January, 1870, by T. J. Dameron of the Black Hall district, G. M., of Fulton county, Georgia, one dun colored cow with a white face, about 9 years old, marked with a swallow-fork and two underbits in the right ear, and a swallow fork and underbit in the left; said cow has on a small bell. Appraised by W. T. Spillman and John S. Cook, freeholders of said district, to be worth eight dollars.

The owner is hereby notified to appear before me, prove property, pay costs and expenses, and take her away, else she will be sold on the premises of said T. J. Dameron, at West End, on Friday, January 21, 1870.

JOHN T. COOPER, Clerk C. C.
jan12 d1t Printer's fee $2

GEORGIA, Fayette County.

ORDINARY'S OFFICE, JAN. 10, 1870.

JOHN S. MILES has applied for exemption of personality and setting apart and valuation of homestead, and I will pass upon the same at my office on the 29th day of January, 1870.

DAVID C. MINOR, Ordinary.
jan12-d1taw2t Printers fee $2

GEORGIA, Fayette County.

ORDINARY'S OFFICE, Jan. 10, 1870.

E. M. BARGES has applied for exemption of personality, and setting apart and valuation of homestead, and I will pass upon the same at my office on the 29th day of January, 1870.

DAVID C. MINOR, Ordinary.
jan12-d1taw2t Printers fee $2

GEORGIA, Campbell County.

ORDINARY'S OFFICE, Jan. 8, 1870.

Z. B. CRAIG has applied for exemption of personality, and setting apartand valuation of homestead, and I will pass upon the same at 11 o'clock, A. M., on the 27th day of January, 1870, at my office, in Cumbelton in said county.

Given under my official signature, this January 8, 1870.

R. C. BEAVERS, Ordinary.
jan12-d1taw2t Printers fee $2

NOTICE.

A DIVIDEND of Ten per cent having been declared by the Directors of the Georgia Loan and Trust Company, the same will be paid on demand.

J. W. GOLDSMITH, Cashier.
jan8-d1w

ASSIGNEE'S SALE.

BY virtue of an order issued by the Honorable Lawson Black, Register in Bankruptcy in the U. S. Court for the Northern District of Georgia, will be sold, on the premises, free from all incumbrance, on Wednesday, the 26th day of January, 1870, commencing at 11 o'clock, the one-seventh undivided interest of the estate of Mary F. Durand, bankrupt, in the following property in the city of Atlanta, in said District, to-wit:

The one-seventh interest in the brick store houses and lots fronting, altogether, 42 feet on the west side of Whitehall street, and extending back 112 feet in ward 1, block 23. Also, one-seventh interest in city lot No. 54, corner of Frazier and Jones streets, containing one and one-fourth acre. Also, one-seventh undivided interest in lot No 5, in subdivision of lot No. 1, block 32. Also, the personal property belonging to the estate of said bankrupt. Terms cash.

NOAH R. FOWLER,
Assignee.
jan5-d1aw3w

LANDSBERG'S LUMBER YARD,

Opposite Georgia Railroad Depot, Atlanta, Ga.

LUMBER SAWED TO ORDER

SAWED SHINGLES AND LATHS,

Dry and Framing

LUMBER,

Sash, Doors and Blinds,

Made upon Short Notice.

Particular attention paid to orders outside of the city.

jan11—

LaGRANGE HOTEL,

P. P. HALL.....Proprietor,

LaGRANGE, GA.

COMPETENT and attentive porters will attend upon the arrival of each train. This Hotel has been thoroughly refurnished with new and elegant Furniture, and is really a first-class House.

jan6 6m

Futurity Looked Into.

TO persons desirous of looking into the Future—Can any know of a certainty, whether he or his wife will be the happiest three by giving his full name, and his wife's maiden name, or make one cent mark for each letter for both names. Address your letter to the care of C. A. BESSER can be found at the store of O'Connor & Reese, Decatur street, Atlanta, Ga.

Charges, Five Dollars.
jan5-d3t

Special Notices.

☞ RECEIVED TO-DAY, THIRTY-SIX TALMAS of Blue and Brown Chinchilla, and Black Beaver, made up in "A" No. "1" style, which will be sold cheap. Also, some beautiful Beaver and Melton Suits, made up in elegant style. Please call and examine my stock before purchasing.

Respectfully yours,
A. ROSENFELD,
Gate City Clothing Store,
41 Whitehall street,
Atlanta, Ga.
jan11-d3t

☞ JUST OUT.—CHERRY PECTORAL Troches, superior to all others for Colds, Coughs, Sore Throat, Bronchitis and Hoarseness. None so pleasant. None cure so quick.

Manufactured by RUSHTON & CO., Astor House, New York.

No more of those horrible tasted, nauseating Brown Cubeb things.

jan4-d&w3m

☞ JOHN D. POPE, ATTORNEY AT Law, Atlanta, Ga., Office Granite Block, Broad street.

jan4-d1m

Amusements.

PRYOR STREET THEATRE.

Wednesday Evening, January 12.

THE GREAT

SOUTHERN DRAMATIC COMPANY,

In Shakspeare's masterpiece of

OTHELLO!

Admission only 75 cents.

jan12-d1t

ROLLER SKATING!

THE Skating Rink will open Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday evenings from 7 to 10 o'clock. Monday, Wednesday and Friday afternoons, from 2 to 5 o'clock. Every forenoon from 9 to 12 o'clock for

LADIES AND CHILDREN.

Teachers will be in attendance during the day assemblies to teach gratuitously those wishing to learn. Admission free for Ladies and Children to morning and afternoon assemblies.

Hall over Glenn & Wright's, corner Forsyth and Railroad.

Package of 12 Tickets	$1 00 cents.
Single Tickets	10 cents.
Half Tickets	25 cents.
Use of Skates	25 cents.

Tickets for sale at Phillips & Crew's, and at the principal Hotels.

dec9-d1f

HOUSES TO RENT.

NO. 1—A new house, containing nine rooms, in one of the best locations in the city, corner of Washington and Richardson's streets, an acre lot well finished with all conveniences; water equal to any in the city.

No. 2—A Brick House on Butler street, between Hunter and Georgia Railroad, containing fourteen rooms with double kitchen, excellent garden, good well of water and other conveniences.

No. 3—A house near the junction of Walton and Marietta streets, containing ten rooms, with double kitchen, garden, excellent well of water and other conveniences.

No. 4—A house on Luckie street, adjoining No. 9, containing six rooms, with double kitchen, garden, excellent well of water and other conveniences.

All the above property to be rented with possession the 1st of January next.

For further information apply to

EDWARD PARSONS,
Atlanta, Ga.
dec23-d1f

MACON & BRUNSWICK RAILROAD.

The New Route South.

THE evening Trains of the Macon and Western R. R. leaving Atlanta at 7:15, connects at Macon with THROUGH PASSENGER of Macon and Brunswick Railroad, which leaves Macon 8:20 A. M., arriving at Brunswick 3:30, P. M. RETURNING, leaves Brunswick, 8:00 A. M., arrives in Macon 7:50 P. M., and Atlanta 4:44 A. M. The system of connections by Passenger Trains with Atlantic and Gulf Road at No. 6, (Jesup), is complete, meeting the trains of the latter road going west to Thomasville, Bainbridge, Jacksonville, Tallahassee and all points in Florida. Also, the trains going east to Savannah. The Passengers of South bound train dine with Gen. Ira R. Foster, at No. 13 Macon and Brunswick Railroad.

FARE BY THIS ROUTE.

Atlanta to Brunswick	$13 00
" " Savannah	12 50
" " Jacksonville	16 50
" " Tallahassee	21 50
" " Bainbridge	30 30
" " New York, Philadelphia or Baltimore	27 20

Through Tickets on Sale at General Ticket Office, Atlanta, and all terminal Stations North, East and West.

WM. A. FULLER,
General Ticket Agent,
M. and W. and M. and B. Railroads.
Atlanta, January 9, 1870—d2w

LaGrange High School,

LAGRANGE, GA.

ROBERT E. PARK, A. M., Principal.
L. A. DOWDELL, A. B., Associate Instructor.
H. SCHIRMAHER, A. M., French and German.

THE Spring Session of this School for Boys and Young Men begins Jan. 10th, 1870. Tuition from $36 to $60 per annum. Board $16 per month.

REFERENCES:

Rev. A. A. Lipscomb, D. D., L. L. D., University of Georgia; Rev. L. M. Smith, D. D., Emory College; Prof. G. J. Orr, S. M. F. College, Covington, Ga.; Rev. E. S. Tesguo, A. M., Selma, Ala.; Rev. H. C. Hornady, LaGrange, Ga.

jan5-d1w4w2t

LOOKOUT MOUNTAIN EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTIONS.

REV. C. F. P. BANCROFT, Principal.

SPRING SESSION of twenty weeks begins February 8, 1870.

Send for Circular to

C. C. CARPENTER, Superintendent,
Lookout Mountain, Tenn.
dec28-d3w8

J. J. WILLIAMS, Atlanta, Ga. | ANDERSON & BHAE, London, Tenn.

J. J. WILLIAMS & CO.,

GRAIN AND PROVISION DEALERS,

—AND—

PORK PACKERS,

Warehouse of Glenn & Wright,

Atlanta, - - Georgia.

HAVING leased a part of the Commodious Warehouse of Glenn & Wright, and otherwise increased our facilities, we beg to renew the tender of our services. We have now in store, which we OFFER TO THE TRADE a large stock of CORN, OATS, RYE, WHEAT, HAY, BARLEY, BAGGS, LARD, etc. Also, a choice lot of

BULK SIDES, SHOULDERS AND HAMS,

of our own Packing. And LEAF LARD put up expressly for family use, in tin cans.

jan11-d3w J. J. WILLIAMS & CO.

G. W. ADAIR, Auctioneer.

THE BEST RENT PAYING PROPERTY IN ATLANTA OR THE SOUTH!

Great Auction Sale of Unsurpassed Store Property!

The Largest Sale of First-Class Property Ever Made in Atlanta.

THE owner having determined to change his investment, has placed in my hands the absolute, unconditional sale, at Auction, on the premises, on THURSDAY, 20th day of January, 1870, at ten o'clock, A. M., the five stores on Whitehall and Alabama streets, sold at previous sale, on 20th day of December last

THE DAILY CONSTITUTION.

ATLANTA, GEORGIA, JANUARY 12.

R. M. ROSE & Co.—Wholesale Dealers in pure Wines and Liquors, Atlanta, Ga.

OUR JOB OFFICE.—With *new type, improved presses*, and skilled workmen, we are prepared to execute Job Work in a *superior manner*, at prices sure *to suit*, at THE CONSTITUTION Job Office. All we ask is a trial.

Index to New Advertisements.

Notice to Debtors and Creditors—Mary A. King and W. J. Boston.

Estray Notice—John T. Cooper.

Exemption Personalty of E. M. Bargos—D. C. Minor.

Exemption Personalty of John S. Mills—D. C. Minor.

Certain Preservation of Sight—Lawton & Haynes.

Pryor Street Theatre—Dramatic Company.

Exemption Personalty of Z. B. Craig—B. C. Beavers, Ordinary.

THE WEATHER.—Yesterday was warm and pleasant.

RESIGNED.—We regret to learn that C. W. Richter, Principal of Lithonia Seminary, has resigned his position.

FAVORS FOR 1870.—We return our thanks to George H. Hazlehurst, President of the Macon and Brunswick Road, for favors for the year 1870.

ATLANTA IMPROVEMENTS.—The work of erecting buildings and store houses is progressing rapidly in Atlanta. Everywhere new buildings can be seen in process of erection.

THE REPUBLICANS.—The Republicans had a caucus last night. They claim to have six majority in the House. They have resolved to carry the Legislature or disrupt it. Various rumors are afloat. We shall see to-day, "how the cat jumps."

KANSAS CITY AND ATLANTA.—Atlanta is now supplying Kansas City with goods. Hagan filled a second order yesterday, for Petro Oil Burners, for Kansas City—some five or six hundred.

THE BELL RINGERS.—A good crowd were out to witness the performance of this excellent troupe. The music with the bells is certainly most wonderful, and surpassingly sweet.

The young ladies, Miss Annie and Miss Fannie Peak, are attractive performers.

Master Frank is a born commedian.

The music on the coronet was stirring.

Altogether the troupe is one of superior merit.

ATLANTA NATIONAL BANK.—At a meeting of the stockholders of the Atlan'a National Bank, yesterday, Gen. A. Austell, R. H. Richards, E. W. Holland, John Neal and W. J. Garrett, were elected Directors for the ensuing year.

At a subsequent meeting of the Directors Gen. A. Austell was elected President, W. H. Fuller, Cashier, P. Romare, Book-keeper, and J. L. Harris Teller.

SALE OF GOVERNMENT PROPERTY.—On yesterday, Col. G. W. Adair sold at public outcry the United States Branch Mint property at Dahlonega, consisting of ten acres of land, a large two-story brick building, 130 feet by 55, and an ell 60 by 35 feet. The property cost originally about $200,000. Miles G. Dobbins, Esq., bought it for $1,305. The gold scales, and other fixtures, were bought by Representative W. P. Price for $107.

CITY OFFICERS ELECTED LAST NIGHT, *City Assessors*—L. C. Wells, L. P. Thomas, Wm M. Butt.

Policemen—H. J. Holtzclaw, A. W. Jett, I. J. Cook, I. T. Hall, M. Rogan, Wm. Flynn, T. W. Bullington, R. O. Haynes, Jack Smith, J. R. Love, F. T. Kicklighter, T. W. Keltner, T. McElan, Powel Owen, C. M. Barry, J. S. Holland, J. A. Hinton, D. Pitchford, L. G. Holland, Jas. McGee, P. Hoffman, J. R. Carson, H. W. Wooding, Thos. Castello, W. H. Holcomb, O. P. Woodruff, Brice Webb, John Blackman, R. Weaver, D. P. Kindrick, J. F. Bomar, Dickson.

THE FIRE DEPARTMENT.—The annual election for Chief Engineer and Assistants, of the Fire Department, for the ensuing year, was held at the City Hall, Monday night, 10th inst., resulting as follows:

W. R. Biggers, Chief Engineer.
O. H. Jones, First Assistant.
M. M. Wilson, Second Assistant.

The following resolution was offered and adopted:

That the firemen of Atlanta extend their thanks to Pat Fitzgibbons, Janitor of the City Hall, for his usual appreciative attendance on them, during the meeting.

After adjournment, the newly elected officers entertained the Firemen and their friends, with a sumptuous repast at Pease and his Wife's Restaurant.

Supreme Court—Morning Session.

Reported Expressly for The Constitution.]

TUESDAY, Jan. 11.

Argument was resumed and concluded in No. 5, Chattahoochee.

No. 4 E. Jepson vs. Jas. H. Patrick, from Muscogee was argued. Moses & Gerrard for plaintiff in error. Williams & Thornton, by M. H. Beauford, for defendant. A diminution of the record in No. 7 was suggested, and the other case was continued. It is H. L. Wells vs. Blount & Mathews, et. al.; complaint from Talbot. W. A. Little, Smith & Alexander for plaintiff in error. B. Hill, E. H. Miller for defendants.

No. 9, J. L. C. Kerr vs. Carhart & Bros., et. al.; equity from Monroe, was withdrawn. B. Hill, B. B. Hinton for plaintiff in error. M. H. Beauford, E. W. Miller for defendants.

No. 5, Owen Duffee, et. al., vs. Wm. Carridan, Caveator from Muscogee, was then taken up. Moses & Gerrard for plaintiffs in error. Jas. M. Russel for defendant. Pending the argument of Mr. Russel, Court adjourned till 8 o'clock, P. M.

EVENING SESSION.—Argument was resumed and concluded in No. 5, Chattahoochee Circuit.

No. 6, by consent of the bar in intervening cases, was exchanged for No. 12, because of Mr. Doughty's absence.

No. 12 is E. Ann Lewis, plaintiff in error, vs. A. M. Chastain, et. al.; equity from Chattahoochee D. H. Burts for plaintiff in error. E. G. Ralford for defendants.

Pending the reading of the record, Court adjourned till 10 o'clock A. M. to-morrow.

A MECHANICS' INSTITUTE.—Some time since, a correspondent, "Atlanta," suggested the establishment of a Mechanics' Institute in this city, and asked for an expression of opinion on the subject. We heartily endorse the suggestion. Now is the time to move in the matter. We trust that steps will be taken at once to inaugurate an Institution, having for its object the promotion of the Mechanic Arts, of Manufactures, Agriculture, and Commerce. These great interests lie at the foundation of all that can build up States and Empires. These interests should act together in harmony and co-operation. When like the graces they interlock their arms, they move steadily onward in the path of progress. When acting in concert, they exert a mutual beneficial influence. Commerce brings the golden fleece of Agriculture to the Manufacturer to be made into clothing. These interests are nearly equal in importance. They were born together. The want of food suggested Agriculture; the want of clothing, Manufactures; and Commerce, by the want of both, or exchange of surplus means to procure the other.

Agriculture, Manufactures and Commerce are closely interwoven together; each is dependent on the other for existence and prosperity. Without manufactures, agriculture is destitute of tools for labor; without manufactures and commerce, its surplus productions are worthless. Manufactures without agriculture, are without food and most of the materials to work on, and, without commerce, can not obtain them in exchange for supernumerary articles which they can neither eat nor wear. Commerce would be without employment, and powerless, if agriculture and manufactures did not furnish surplus to be sold.

To the mechanics we are indebted from the very outset for the beautiful and variegated fields and gardens which captivate the eye, delight the senses, and supply our wants. He constructs the neat and pleasant cottage, the rich and elegant villa, and the magnificent and costly mansion. He builds the farmer's barns, he furnishes his house with the necessary utensils, he manufactures the different fabrics for which he and his family find use. Mechanics build villages, towns, and cities. They make our steam engines, our mills and manufactories, our canals, our railroads, our merchant vessels and our telegraphs.

If you would extend the usefulness of mechanics, increase the productive blessings of agriculture, and the prosperity of commerce, you must not under-value the importance of Mechanics. Strive to elevate him—aid him to rise. Assist him to develope his powers—encourage him in his laudable efforts—identify him with the progress and prosperity of the country. One of the great means to accomplish good, is in such an institute, where all these interests can be brought in harmony together. Push on the ball.

THE DABNEY LOTS.—Remember that Col. G. W. Adair will sell those valuable "Dabney lots," this afternoon, at 4 o'clock.

GOV. BULLOCK.—The San Francisco Bulletin, a Republican paper, has some knowledge of Gov. Bullock, of Georgia. It says of him that "he is a man of inferior ability and shaky character. A few years ago he was a telegraph operator at Utica, N. Y., but had'nt brains enough to succeed. Losing his situation, and running utterly to seed, he drifted down South, where he led a precarious existence for some years. He became a leader in secret leagues, made the negroes believe that he was a great man, and got nominated and elected Governor at a time when 'carpet-baggers' had everything their own way."

Somebody ought to explain how and why it is that such people as the man here described wield such an influence with the Republican party as to have laws passed and States reconstructed for their benefit. Bullock seems to have ten times as much influence at Washington as Attorney Gen. Hoar.

A DISLOYAL VIRGINIAN.—Information is at hand showing that the admission of Charles H. Porter, a Radical Congressman from Virginia, will be objected to on the ground that he was tried for disloyalty in 1864, and was sentenced to six months' imprisonment by a military commission. The sentence was approved by General Butler, then commanding the army of the James. His alleged disloyalty consisted in saying that Lincoln was a humbug, and that he (Porter) would rather live under Jeff. Davis.

WHO IS THE SECOND WASHINGTON?—Who was the second Washington? The Radicals say it was Edwin M. Stanton.

It couldn't have been Stanton, for when Thad Stevens died, they said it was Stevens.

It couldn't have been Stevens, for when Abe Lincoln died, they said it was Lincoln.

It couldn't have been Lincoln, for when John Brown died, they said it was Brown.

It couldn't have been Brown—well, it's no use running the thing into the ground after running it up the gallows—who was the second Washington?—*Mobile Register.*

THE SOCIAL EVIL.—Superintendent Kennedy yesterday issued an order to have a complete census taken of all houses of ill-fame, and the women attached thereto in the city. He directs that the census be thorough, as it may have to be laid before the Legislature. This indicates that we may possibly have the whole subject of the social evil revived again in the Legislature, as it was a year or two ago, and most likely with no more positive results.—*New York World.*

Local and Business Notices.

NOTICE.—Col. T. M. Acton, is the duly authorized traveling Agent of THE CONSTITUTION, and we commend him to the attention of our friends wherever he may go in behalf of our interest.

Agents for the Constitution.

The following gentlemen are regularly authorized, as local Agents, to receive and receipt for subscriptions to THE CONSTITUTION, at the following places:

J. B. AVEREA, Fayetteville, Ga.
W. H. STANSELL, Warrenton, Ga.
Rev. J. P. DUNCAN, Dalton, Ga.
JOE MCCONNELL, Calhoun, Ga.
JUDGE T. O. JACOBS, Forsyth, Ga.
ROCKWOOD CUMMINGS, Depot Agt, Palmetto, Ga.
Col. J. H. LOGAN, Griffin, Ga.
W. A. JONES, West Point, Ga.
KNOTT & NOLAN, McDonough, Ga.
O. P. SKELTON, Alpharetta, Ga.
WARREN & KEMP, Albany, Ga.
R. C. BEAVERS, Campbellton, Ga.
JAS. T. LAMKIN, Lawrenceville, Ga.
C. A. DUNWOODY, Roswell Factory, Ga.
THOMAS SHAW, Notasulga, Ala.
J. W. BRYSON, Powder Springs, Ga.
H. H. FREAR, Kingston, Ga.
V. L. ROBERTSON, Cleveland, Ga.
JOHN W. MCCURDY, Stone Mountain, Ga.
T. J. COX, Gadsden, Ala.

THOMPSON'S RESTAURANT.—Members of the Legislature, and all others, can procure sleeping rooms by the week or month. Also, board by the day or week.

Meals at all hours. Wines, liquors, etc., always on hand.

R. G. THOMPSON,
Kimball's Opera House,
jan12-d1w Atlanta, Ga.

JUST received, the finest lot of bird cages ever brought to this city, at
LANGFORD & MCCRATH'S.
jan11-d2t

BUY

BIRD Cages from $1 to $20, at
LANGFORD & MCCRATH'S.
jan11-d2t

YOUR

WM. R. HANLEITER, Book Binder, Blank Book Manufacturer, etc., Granite Block Atlanta, Ga. nov14-dtf

MAGAZINES, Music, Law Books, etc., bound, and old books re-bound quick and cheap, by Hanleiter. nov14-dtf

CALL and buy the finest Bird Cages in the State, at LANGFORD & MCCRATH'S.
jan11-d2t

FURNITURE

YOU CAN REGULATE THE COLOR.—Every natural shade from light brown to deepest black is imparted by PHALON'S VITALIA OR SALVATION FOR THE HAIR. The number of applications determines the tinge. It would be like comparing shining water to the drainings from a marsh, to compare it with the ordinary hair dyes.
jan7-deodlw

HOW TO BE RE-ORGANIZED SUCCESSFULLY.—If members of the Legislature would accomplish a successful re-organization of that body, they must supply themselves with one of J. M. Holbrook's stylish hats.
jan11-d3t

OF

FINE Bed-room, Parlor Furniture and Side-boards at cost for next thirty days, at Chastaine & Fox's, Broad street.
jan4-dtf

CANDIDATES FOR LEGISLATIVE HONORS. The only candidates that will be sure to be elected, will be those purchasing the fashionable hats offered at J. M. Holbrook's hat emporium. jan11-d3t

WANTED.—A good Book-Binder. Apply at once for steady situation and good wages to W. R. HANLEITER.
dec14-tf

RONDEAU & CO.,

ONE room of the Rourk Corner for rent. One of the best business stands in Atlanta.
dec28-dtf W. H. BROTHERTON.

POPULAR TALK.—J. M. Holbrook's fashionable and stylish hats are on everybody's mind. No household, or deliberative assembly, or public institution, is complete without it. jan11-d3t

EVERYBODY should have one of Hanleiter's Memoranda cases, with name gilded on it—$1.00. nov14-dtf

15 DECATUR ST.

jan9 dtf

LET US HAVE PEACE.—The only road to peace is to supply every one with J. M. Holbrook's hats. In such a course is peace, contentment and prosperity. jan11-d3t

EXTRACT FROM A LETTER FROM JERUSALEM.—"We started early to ascend Mt. Olivet, to behold the sun gild the minarets and towers of the devoted city, from the place where memory, stirred by a thousand associations, should exalt the mind as well as the eye to the inspiration of the scene. Well is the voyager repaid for long travels, horrid roads, antediluvian coolness, squalid companionship and the importunities of begging, thieving Arabs. Well would it have repaid you, oh! man of commerce and the crucible! and well might you have been reminded of your own city, for here, painted upon a board nailed against one of the huge ancient olive trees, under which the sacred martyrs toiled for the sins of the world, eighteen hundred years ago, were these familiar figures, S. T.—1860—X. We do not know who did it, but no doubt some poor invalid traveler, cured by the Plantation Bitters, wished to advertise their virtues in a place from whence all knowledge flows."

MAGNOLIA WATER.—Superior to the best imported German Cologne, and sold at half the price. dec29-deodlw&w1t

Latest Market Reports

[CORRECTED DAILY.]

OFFICE OF THE DAILY CONSTITUTION,
TUESDAY EVENING, Jan. 11, 1870.

Cotton Market.

Cotton market firm at 22¾ for middlings, 22½ for low middlings, and 21¾ for good ordinary. Offerings were readily taken. Receipts light.

MONETARY AND COMMERCIAL.

Atlanta Financial Market.

Exchange on New York buying at ½ off, selling at par. Gold, buying at 1 21 selling, 1 24; Silver, buying, 1 15, selling 1 2 0; Gold Dust, buying 1 10, selling, 1 15; Bullion, buying 1 25, selling, 1 30. No change in quotations of stocks and uncurrent bills.

Georgia Bank Notes.

Georgia Railroad and Banking Company	99
Central Railroad and Banking Company	99
Marine Bank of Georgia	90
Bank of Middle Georgia	90
Bank of Athens	90
Bank of Fulton	40
Bank of Savannah	85
City Bank of Augusta	40
Bank of the State of Georgia	40
Bank of Empire State	10
Merchants' and Planters' Bank	02
Bank of Commerce	05
Manufacturers' Bank—Macon	05
Union Bank	05
Mechanics' Bank	00
Planters' Bank	00
Augusta Savings Bank	14
Northwestern Bank	00
Timber Cutters' Bank	00

South Carolina Bank Notes.

Bank of South Carolina	97
Union Bank	97
Peoples' Bank	75
Bank of Newberry	75
Bank of Charleston	85
Planters' and Mechanics' Bank	04
Bank of Hamburg	40
Bank of Camden	45
Bank of Chester	00
Bank of Georgetown	12
Bank State of South Carolina, old	40
Bank State of South Carolina, new	10
Exchange Bank	15
Southwestern Railroad, new	65
State Bank	05
Merchants' Bank	05
City of Charleston notes	90
Planters' Bank of Fairfield	04
Carolina Treasury Notes	15

Bonds and Stocks.

Pensacola and Georgia Railroad Bonds	50@	60
Atlantic and Gulf Railroad Bonds	75@	87
Mont. and W. Pt. Bonds, 1st mortgage	86@	87
Mont. and W. Pt. Bonds, income	69@	70
Mont. and W. Pt. Bonds, Stock	20@	25
Macon and Western Railroad Stock	19@1	20
Macon and Augusta, endorsed	90@	95
Macon and Augusta, not endorsed	80@	85
Macon and Augusta Stock	20@	25
Muscogee Railroad Bonds	95@	97
Muscogee Railroad Stock	95@	97
Columbia S. C. Bonds	69@	70
Georgia 6 per cent	79@	80
Georgia 7 per cent	85@	90
Georgia Coupons	85@	90
North Carolina 6 per cent	30@	35
North Carolina Coupons	30@	35
Tennessee 6 per cent	60@	70
Tennessee coupons	50@	60
South Carolina Bonds, old	59@	62
South Carolina Bonds, new	60@	65
S. C. Railroad Bonds, 6 per cent	77@	87
S. C. Railroad Bonds, 7 per cent	75@	80
Memphis and Charleston R. R. Bonds	85@	87
Georgia Railroad Bonds	99@1	00
Georgia Railroad Stock	1 00@1	05

Dried Fruit.

Peeled Peaches 10a12c; not peeled 5½ a6c; Apples 4a5c.

Grain Market.

New corn 1 28a1 30 shelled; 1 25a1 28 in the ear; no old in the market. Wheat may be quoted at 1 40a1 50 for prime red, and 1 50a1 60 for prime white. Oats are in fair demand at 80c; black, for seed, 85. Rye in good supply at 1 40.

Bacon Market.

The stock of bacon is light, and quotations are nominal. Bulk meats, clear sides, 17½; clear rib sides 17; shoulders 13¾; hams 16¾a18. Lard, tierces, 19a20; cans, 19a20. Hogs in good demand with light supply. Worth to-day 10½a10¾ gross; net 12½a13.

Flour Market.

Superfine per bbl. 5 75a 6 25; extra 6 50 a7 00; family 7 00a7 50; fancy 8 00a8 50.

Cow Feed.

Peas, none; pea meal, none; oil meal, 4 50 5 00 per bbl, 200 lbs; bran, 1 50 per 100 lbs; prime clover hay, 1 85a2 00 per 100 lbs. Kentucky Cow Feed, $1 per bushel.

Grocery Market.

Corn meal in fair demand at 1 30a1 35. Rice, 9¼a10c, tierces. Soap, 7a9c. Candles, adamantine, 17a18c; Tallow 12a15c. A, Sugar, 17c; Extra C, 16½; Yellow C, 16; Brown, 15¾a16. Rio Coffee, 22a25½. Beeswax, 33 a34. Virginia salt, 2 25. Liverpool, 2 40a2 50. N. O. Syrup, 80a1 00. Molasses, barrels, 57½. Pepper, 37½. Race Ginger, 25. Starch 10. Extra State cheese, 20c; Factory, 21a22c; English dairy, 24c. Goshen butter 45c; Tennessee, 35c. Apples 5 00a7 00 per bbl.

Fertilizers.

Dickson's Compound, 66 00 per ton; Soluble Pacific 72 50; Acid Phosphate of Lime 52 50; Wilson's Ammoniated Sup. Phos. Lime, 66 00a70 00 cash, 75 00 time; Virginia Land Plaster 22 50; Baugh's Rawbone Sup. Phos. 70 00; Coe's Sup. Phos. 70 00; Ground Bone 65 00; Willingham Fertilizer 65 00 cash, 75 00 time; Whann's Rawbone Sup. Phos. 70 00 cash; Ruth's Challenge Sup. Phos. 75 00; Chesapeake Guano 75 00 cash, 85 00 time; Georgia Fertilizer 70 00 cash, 80 00 time. Oakley Mills Rawbone 70 00; Dissolved Bone 70 00, Sea Fowl Guano, 72 50; Ttlawan No. 1, 62; No. 72 00; Peruvian Guano 115 00; Rhodes' Superphosphate 67 50; Mape's Superphosphate 70 00; Zell's Superphosphate 75 00.

Tobacco Market.

Low grades, 60; Medium, 62½a70; Good medium, 70a80; Fine, 90a1 00; Choice, 1 25; Leaf, 25c.

Powder and Shot.

Rifle powder, per keg, 25 pounds, 7 25; blasting, 5 25. Patent shot, per bag, 3 40; buck, 3 75.

Liquor Market.

Whisky, rectified, 1 25a1 50 as to proof; Bourbon 1 40a5 00; Robinson County, 2 00a3 00; Cognac Brandy, 1 50a13 00; St. Croix Rum, 4 00a6 00; Jamaica Rum, 4 00a6 00; Holland Gin, 1 50a5 00; Scotch, 3 50a4 00; Domestic Porter, 3 00.

Lime and Cement.

Cherokee lime, 50c per bushel; Chewackla, 60c. Hydraulic cement, 5 00 per barrel, James River 4 50 per bbl. Plaster of Paris, 6 00 per barrel.

Lumber Market.

All classes of framing lumber bring readily 20 00 per M; all plank (green) 22 50 per M; weather boarding, 22 50; flooring, tongued and grooved, 32 50; shingles, pine, drawed, 3 00 per M; sawed, 5 75 a6 00 per M; white oak wagon timber, 30 00 per M; walnut, 80 00.

Leather and Hides.

White oak sole, 40a50; Hemlock, good, 31a33; damaged, 25a30; French calf skins, 36 00a60 00 per doz; American calf skins, 25 00a45 00; Harness leather, 45a50c; upper leather, 60a80c; lining skins, (sheep), 4 50a9 00 per doz. Green hides 8a9c; dry, salted, 16a18c; dry flint, 18a20c.

Hardware Market.

We quote Swedes iron, 8a9; horse shoe, 7a8; round and square, 5a10; City Mills bar, 5a6; Pittsburgh bar, 6; nail rod, 10a12; band, 7a8; Nails, 4s to 6s, 5 80; 3s, common, 7 00; 3s, fine, 9 00. Plow steel, 12½c; cast, 20a23c; German, 18a20.

Drugs and Dyes.

Bi-carb soda 7a8 per pound. Blue stone 18a20. Copperas 4a5. Epsom salts 6¼a8. Madder 22a25. Opium 17 00a19 00 per pound. Alum, 3a10. Borax, 45. Brimstone, 8a10. Camphor, 1 20a1 40. Indigo, 1 20a1 60. Quinine, 2 75 per oz. Saltpetre, 12a20c per pound. Castor oil, quarts, 6 00a6 50; pints, 3 50a3 75; per gal., 2 75a4 00. Sweet oil, per dozen, 1 50a6 00; per gal., 1 45a3 50.

Oils and Paints.

Linseed oil, raw, per gal., 1 30a1 35; do. boiled, 1 35a1 40. Sperm, 2 50a3 00; Whale 1 50a2 00; Lard, 1 40a2 00; Pure Winter 1 75a2 00; Tanners, 1 00a1 25; Kerosene 45a50c; Petro, 40; Copal Varnish, 2 75a4 00; Japan, 3 00a3 50; Castor, 3 00a6 00. White lead, per lb, 11¾a13; do., pure, 16½.

Bagging and Rope.

India and Borneo bagging, 20a30c; Kentucky, 30a35. Machine made rope, 8½c; hand made, 8c.

Dry Goods Market.

Allens 13; Sprague, 13; Pacific 13; Lancaster, 12½; Wamsutta, 9; Amoskeag 12. Ticking, Pittsfield, 12; Croton, 12; Albany 12; Eastern B 18; Amoskeag D 23; Hamilton 30; Conestoga 4-4 30; Amoskeag A C A 40.

Factory Goods.

Brown Shirtings, ¾, 12c; B. Shirtings, 4-4, 15c; Bleached shirting, ¾, 13a14; Bleached shirting, ⅞, 12a15c; Brown drills, 15¾a24; Bleached Drills, 16; Stripes, 17a19; Checks, 19a19½; Montour Osnaburgs, 11; Troup, 23¼a25; Yarns, 2 00.

BY TELEGRAPH.

ASSOCIATED PRESS DISPATCHES.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 11.—In the House the instruction Committe reported a bill for admission of Virginia. It was made the order for to-morrow.

The receipts to-day $648,000.

The investigation by the House Committee to-morrow's gold panic commences to-morrow.

In the House, Farnsworth, referring to the action of the Reconstruction Committee, on the admission of Virginia, said in substance in every case to allow a liberal latitude in debate, and debates.

Bingham answered his bill as a substitute for both offered his bill as a substitute for Indication postponed until to-morrow.

Wood spoke to considerable debate.

The first move to strike out all after the word Eldridge moved that the consideration of the Virginia Bill, that the conditions imposed were abominable.

SENATE.—Sumner introduced a bill for funding and consolidating the national debt.

A bill exceptionally preserved fish was from tax canned and

The Virginia bill was resumed. A motion to postpone was rejected by a vote of 22 to 26.

The discussion of the bill was resumed by a vote of

The discussion of Trumbull to the amendment to remand Virginia to her present condition in case she retracts her assent Amendment was discussed until the 15th.

The Finance Committee reported a bill as a substitute for all financial bills, providing for assuming $45,000 bills, providing currency in place of national bank debt of three per cent. certificates, certificates amount there be retained also, for fractional currency and the basis of U. S. bonds, as banking on the issue of coin, notes only to the extent of their value.

MONTGOMERY, Jan. 11.—The Legislature assembled yesterday.

To-day, in the Senate, the bill reorganizing the Mobile City Government was made the special order for Tuesday next.

In the House, many bills were introduced and referred.

PARIS, January 11.—A paper published in Marseilles, in the interest of Rochefort, attacked Prince Pierre Bonaparte, and the two editors visited him to make arrangements for a duel. During the interview Bonaparte became enraged and fired twice, killing Victor Noel. This tragic act causes great agitation here.

Rumors are prevalent that a coup d'etat occurred at Madrid.

MADRID, January 11.—The new ministry having been installed, the Cortes will reassemble to-morrow. Additional disturbances are reported in the provinces.

HAVANA, Jan. 11.—A number of emigrants have arrived in Puerto Principe.

LONDON, Jan. 11.—Anglo American and French Cables have partially consolidated.

PARIS, Jan. 11.—Rochefort's paper, la Marseilles, has been seized. Prince Bonaparte states, that he received a slap in the face from Noel before firing. The Prince belongs to the Emperor's family.

Telegraphic Markets.

NEW YORK, January 11.—Cotton heavy at 25½. Flour dull, heavy—5a10c lower. Wheat heavy, 1@2c lower; winter western 1 20a1 30. Corn heavy, declining; new mixed western 83a90. Pork quiet; new 28 00a28 12½. Lard lower. Whisky firmer at 1 02½a1 05½. Groceries firmer. Turpentine 44. Rosin 2 10. Freights firm.

Money sharp at 7. Gold 1 22¼. Governments steady. North Carolinas heavy; Louisianas firm; South Carolinas advanced—new 26¾; South Carolinas 76.

BALTIMORE, January 11.—Cotton firm at 24. Flour firm, active. Wheat dull. Corn active; white 98a1 00; yellow 90. Provisions firm, unchanged. Whisky 1 02. Virginias old 42½.

CINCINNATI, January 11.—Corn steady at 75a76. Whisky 94. Pork unsettled—buyers offer 26 00, sellers asking 26 50. Bacon nominally unchanged; no demand. Lard declining—kettle 16½.

LOUISVILLE, January 11. — Provisions heavy. Mess pork at 28 50. Bacon shoulders 13¼; clear sides 17. Lard 17. Whisky dull at 93.

LIVERPOOL, January 11, Evening.—Cotton dull; Uplands 11⅝; Orleans 11⅝; sales 8,000 bales; export and speculation 1,000 bales. Naval stores quiet.

☞ A wife in Bloomington, Illinois, during the trial of her divorce case, interrupted her counsel's eloquent plea for provision for her child with the remark, addressed to the court, that "It was not provisions that she wanted, but that she would take whatever the court in its wisdom might see fit to allow her, in money, be that little or much."

☞ General McClellan and wife are stopping at the Arlington House, Washington. The General is described by an admiring correspondent as "sauntering around the halls and vestibules of the hotel, dressed in a neat-fitting, brown business suit, careless of the notice of the habitues thereof."

☞ A correspondent says: "It turns out that Senator Pratt, of Indiana, was not too bashful to serve, but in his youth he had a pious mother, and his morals received a terrible shock as soon as he had time to discover the character of the average Washington official.

☞ Prince Metternich, who has not yet fully recovered from the effects of the duel he fought with the Count de Beaumont, is on the point of fighting another duel with a Spanish nobleman, living at Paris, who has passed remarks derogatory to the character of Princess Metternich.

☞ The New York Globe takes the liberty of suggesting that as *Miss* Olive Logan was married at the age of sixteen, and as both her children happen to be boys, she can not be supposed to know much about the subject of her lecture—"Girls."

BALTIMORE, January 8.—Reverdy Johnson has given his opinion that the acts of the Maryland Legislature of 1832, 1844 and 1855, imposing a tax upon the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, for passengers over the Washington branch, are unconstitutional and void.

☞ M. Emile Olivier, whom Napoleon III. has charged with the formation of a new Ministry, was born at Marseilles, July 2, 1825, and entered the Paris bar at the age of 22. He entered the Corps Legislatif in 1857, and was one of the most brilliant of the group of Deputies known as "The Five."

☞ Don Piatt says "without hesitation and without fear of contradiction, the millinery department of the Washington Chronicle, (Forney's) is the ablest department of that remarkable journal."

GEORGIA, Fulton County.

ORDINARY'S OFFICE, Jan. 8, 1870.

WM. S. NORTON has applied for exemption of personality, and I will pass upon the same at 10 o'clock A. M., on the 19th day of January, 1870, at my office.

DANIEL PITTMAN, Ordinary.
Jan9 d14aW2t Printers fee $2

GEORGIA, Fulton County.

ORDINARY'S OFFICE, Jan. 7, 1870.

W. D. WEAVER has applied for exemption of personality, and setting apart and valuation of homestead, and I will pass upon the same at 10 o'clock A. M., on the 17th day of January, 1870, at my office.

DANIEL PITTMAN, Ordinary.
Jan8-d12aw2t Printer's fee $2

Georgia, Gwinnett County.

ORDINARY'S OFFICE, Jan. 7, 1870.

DENNIS SHARPTON has applied for exemption of personality and setting apart and valuation of homestead, and I will pass upon the same at 10 o'clock A. M., on the 19th day of January, 1870, at my office.

JAMES T. LAMKIN, Ordinary.
Jan8-d14w2t Printer's fee $2

GEORGIA, DeKalb County.

ORDINARY'S OFFICE, JAN. 7, 1870.

MARTIN V. HOOKE has applied for exemption of personality and I will pass upon the same at 10 o'clock, A. M., on the 17th day of January, 1870 at my office.

JAS. L. WILSON, Ordinary.
Jan11-d14-w2t Printers fee $2.

GEORGIA, DeKalb County.

ORDINARY'S OFFICE, JAN. 6, 1870.

R. H. DUNCAN has applied for exemption of personality, and I will pass upon the same at 10 o'clock, A. M., on the 15th day of January, 1870, at my office.

JAS. L. WILSON, Ordinary.
Jan11-d14w2t Printers fee $2

GEORGIA, DeKalb County.

ORDINARY'S OFFICE, JAN. 6, 1870.

THOMAS S. IVEY has applied for exemption of personality, and setting apart and valuation of homestead, and I will pass upon the same at 10 o'clock, A. M., on the 15th day of January, 1870, at my office.

JAMES L. WILSON, Ordinary.
Jan11-d14w2t Printers fee $2

GEORGIA, Henry County.

ORDINARY'S OFFICE, Jan. 5, 1870.

ELIZABETH AIKIN has applied for exemption of personality and setting apart and valuation of homestead, and I will pass upon the same at 10 o'clock, A. M., on the 21st day of January, 1870, at my office.

GEO. M. NOLAN, Ordinary.
Jan8-d12aW2t Printers fee $2

L. H. BRADFIELD'S COLUMN.

DR. JOHN BULL'S Great Remedies.

DR. JOHN BULL,

Manufacturer and Vender of the Celebrated

Smith's Tonic Syrup,

FOR THE CURE OF

AGUE AND FEVER,

—OR—

Chills and Fever.

The proprietor of this celebrated medicine justly claims for it a superiority over all remedies ever offered to the public for the safe, certain, speedy and permanent cure of Ague and Fever, or Chills and Fever, whether of short or long standing. He refers to the entire Western and Southern country for a basis on which to ground his claim to the truth of the assertion, that in no case whatever will it fail to cure, if the directions are strictly followed and carried out. In a great many cases a single dose has been sufficient for a cure, and whole families have been cured by a single bottle, with a perfect restoration of the general health. It is, however, prudent, and in every case more certain to cure, if its use is continued in smaller doses for a week or two after the disease has been checked, more especially in difficult and long-standing cases. Usually, this medicine will not require any aid to keep the bowels in good order; should the patient, however, require a cathartic medicine, after having taken three or four doses of the Tonic, a single dose of BULL'S VEGETABLE FAMILY PILLS will be sufficient.

DR. JOHN BULL'S Principal Office:

No. 40 Fifth Cross Street,

Louisville, Kentucky

Bull's Vorm Destroyer.

To my United States and World-wide Readers.

I have received professional and medical testimonials from professional various publications, as well as my almanacs and pamphlets, as my almanacs are genuine. The following, all of which are educated and popular letter from a highly certainly one of the physician in Georgia, is certainly one of the most sensible communications I have ever received. Dr. Clement knows exactly what he speaks. Dr. Clement knows serves to be written in, and his testimony deserves to be written in, and his testimony deserves the Doctor says of BULL'S vorm of gold. Hear what he says:

WORM DESTROYER.

VILLANOW, Walker Co., Ga., June 29, 1869.

DR. JOHN BULL—Dear Sir: I have recently given your "Worm Destroyer a fair trial, and it is wonderfully effective. I have recently given your "Worm Destroyer a fair trial, and it wonderfully effective. several trials, and in a single instance to have failed. It has not failed in a single instance to have failed. It has not failed I am doing a pretty large practice, and furnished for effect. I am doing a pretty large practice, and have daily use for some article of the kind. I am have daily use for some article of the kind. I am free to confess that I know of no kind. I am free to confess that I know of no kind. I am recommended by the ablest authors as speedy recommended by the ablest authors as speedy and speedy in its effects. On this is so certain and speedy in its effects. On this is so certain a case uncertain in the extreme, that they a case uncertain in the extreme, that they writing you is to find out upon what terms I can writing you is to find out upon what terms I can get the medicine direct from you. Terms I can get the medicine direct from you. Terms I can upon easy terms, I shall use a great deal. I upon easy terms, I shall use a great deal. I am aware that the use of such articles is in am aware that the use of such articles is in contrary to the teachings and practice of a great contrary to the teachings and practice of a great of the regular line M. D.'s but I see a majority of the regular line M. D.'s but I see a majority or good sense in discarding a remedy because or good sense in discarding a remedy because know to be efficient, simply because which we know to be efficient, simply because which we ignorant of its combination. For my part, I ignorant of its combination. For my part, I may make it a rule to use all and any means I shall make it a rule to use all and any means I shall see suffering humanity which I may believe see suffering humanity which I may believe, command—not hesitating because some one is command—not hesitating because some one is ingenious than myself may have learned it before ingenious than myself may have learned it before first, and secured the sole right to secure first, and secured the sole right to secure its knowledge. However, I am by no means an its knowledge. However, I am by no means an advocate or supporter of the thousands of worthless nostrums that flood the country, that purport cure all manner of disease to which human flesh is heir. Please reply soon, and inform me of your best terms. I am, sir, most respectfully,

JULIUS P. CLEMENT, M. D.

Bull's Sarsaparilla.

A Good Reason for the Captain's Faith.

READ THE CAPTAIN'S LETTER AND THE LETTER FROM HIS MOTHER.

BENTON BARRACK'S, Mo., April 30, 1866.

DR. JOHN BULL—Dear Sir: Knowing the efficiency of your Sarsaparilla, and the healing and beneficial qualities it possesses, I send you the following statement of my case.

I was wounded two years ago—was taken prisoner and confined for sixteen months. Being moved so often, my wounds have not healed yet. I have not set up a moment since I was wounded. I am shot through the hips. My general health is impaired, and I need something to assist nature. I have more faith in your Sarsaparilla than in anything else. I wish that that is genuine. Please express me half a dozen bottles, and oblige.

Capt. C. F. JOHNSON,
St. Louis, Mo.

P. S.—The following was written April 30, 1865, by Mrs.

THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION.

ON THE HEIGHTS.

For The Constitution.]

On the mountain a temple is gleaming,
Enthroned in the eagle's abode;
And from it the incense of worship
Goes up like a herald to God.

The ocean waves murmur below it—
The voice of the sea's restless swells;
And white is the spray on the breakers,
And low the tattoo of the shells.

The sun flecks the cloud-land of ether—
The shades on the mountains grow long,
And out on the evening comes stealing
The notes of a mountaineer's song.

Beyond the gray boulders of granite,
Where day signs the treaty with night,
He fled, as the sighs chill came o'er him,
To die on the temple-crowned height.

And sad is his song of the mountains,
The song of his earlier days;
Low murmur the echoes—he kneels,
Tread lightly the spot where he lays.

Like steps up to heaven, the music
Goes climbing the cloud-belted skies,
And, lo! a bright spot in the azure,
O'er him, has opened an eye.

A drop from its heaven has fallen—
A globule that gathered above,
The cloud-rift, in ether pavilioned—
It comes like an edict of love.

Sent down by by the hand of the Father,
The emblem of Mercy to earth,
A rainbow is sleeping within it,
The seal of its God-given birth.

It goes to the soul of the stricken,
Like dew to the flower-dressed sod;
He smiles at the bright, precious token,
And murmurs a prayer to his God.

Along the wild crags of the mountain,
The gold-clouds had deepened to gray,
The ocean's moan hung on the boulders,
Beneath which the mountain lay.

The cloud wrapped the form of the sleeper—
The chill mist crept on o'er the height,
And the rain-drop that fell on his bosom
Went off on the wings of the night.

The morn broke again o'er the mountains—
The temple looked golden and red,
And down by the boulders a sunbeam
Kissed lightly the lips of the dead!

Athens, Jan. 7, 1870. ASTA.

Foreign.

The anti-Russian party have a considerable majority in the Bavarian Chambers.

The political crisis shows no signs of ending.

The Emperor writes Haussman regretting the ministerial demand for his removal.

The anti-Prussian party have a considerable majority in the new Bavarian Chamber.

On the opening of the Italian Chambers ministerial changes are to be made in favor of the Left Centre party.

The Bank of England has on hand £100,000 less than last week; the Bank of France 31,800,000 francs ditto.

The Pall Mall Gazette took eleven hundred and thirty-one words of Mrs. Stowe's latest bit of Byron scandal, per Atlantic cable, Wednesday evening.

The trigonometrical survey of the United Kingdom, which was begun by Gen. Roy, in 1783, ended this week, with the completion of the surveys in Scotland.

The residence of Mr. Motley, American Minister at London, was entered by burglars last night and robbed to the value of over £1,000.

Well armed bands of insurgents, two or three hundred, are roaming in Cantu, Abaja, and Cinco Villis districts. The supposed object is the destruction of cornfields. Much sickness at Neuvetas.

Bishop Simpson estimates that it will take three thousand years to convert the world at the present rate of progress.

Mrs. Stowe's "Vindication" of Lady Byron must have been intended exclusively for the strong-minded women. It certainly isn't fit for men to read.

RAILROAD SCHEDULES.

GEORGIA RAILROAD—171 miles—Fare five cents per mile.—JOHN P. KING, President; E. W. COLE, Superintendent; G. T. ANDERSON, Agent at Atlanta.

DAY PASSENGER TRAIN.

Leave Augusta	7.00 A.M.
Leave Atlanta	5.00 A.M.
Arrive at Augusta	5.45 P.M.
Arrive at Atlanta	5.00 P.M.

No trains on Sunday.

NIGHT PASSENGER TRAIN.

Leave Augusta	5.45 P.M.
Leave Atlanta	5.40 P.M.
Arrive at Augusta	5.35 A.M.
Arrive at Atlanta	7.40 A.M.

Passengers for Milledgeville, Washington and Athens, Ga., must take Day Passenger Train from Augusta and Atlanta.

Passengers for West Point, Montgomery, Selma, Mobile and New Orleans, must leave Augusta on Night Passenger train to make close connections.

Passengers for Nashville, Corinth, Grand Junction, Memphis, Louisville and St. Louis can take either train and make connections.

Through Tickets, and Baggage checked through to the above places.

Pullman's Palace Sleeping Cars on all Night Passenger Trains. No change of cars on Night Passenger and Mail Trains between Augusta and West Point.

S. K. JOHNSON, Assistant Supt.

Georgia Railroad, Augusta, April 9, 1869.

WESTERN AND ATLANTIC RAILROAD—E. HULBERT, Superintendent; E. B. WALKER, Master of Transportation.

NIGHT PASSENGER TRAIN.

Leaves Atlanta	5 50 P M
Arrives at Chattanooga	4 10 A M
Leaves Chattanooga	5 50 P M
Arrives at Atlanta	8 15 A M

DAY PASSENGER TRAIN.

Leaves Atlanta	8 15 A M
Arrives at Chattanooga	4 45 P M
Leaves Chattanooga	4 40 A M
Arrives at Atlanta	2 00 P M

DALTON ACCOMMODATION.

Leaves Atlanta	4 15 P M
Arrives at Atlanta	11 0 0 A M

ATLANTA & WEST POINT RAILROAD—87 miles—Fare, ——— per mile—JOHN P. KING, President; L. P. GRANT, Superintendent; R. M. FARRAR, Agent at Atlanta:

DAY PASSENGER TRAIN.

Leave Atlanta	7:36 A. M.
Arrive at West Point	12:30 P. M.
Leave West Point	12:50 P. M.
Arrive at Atlanta	5:35 P. M.

NIGHT FREIGHT AND PASSENGER TRAIN.

Leave Atlanta	9:00 P. M.
Arrive at West Point	11:55 P. M.
Leave West Point	2:50 A. M.
Arrive at Atlanta	10:50 A. M.

MACON & WESTERN RAILROAD.—103 miles—Fare, five cents per mile—A. J. WHITE, President; R. A. ANDERSON, Agent at Atlanta; H. W. BRONSON, Master Transportation:

DAY PASSENGER TRAIN.

Leave Atlanta	7.55 A M
Arrive at Macon	1.40 P M
Leave Macon	7.55 A M
Arrive at Atlanta	1.10 P M

NIGHT PASSENGER TRAIN.

Leave Atlanta	7.10 P M
Arrive at Macon	1.27 A M
Leave Macon	8.50 P M
Arrive in Atlanta	4.47 A M

POST OFFICE, ATLANTA, GA., February 19, 1868.—From and after this date, until further notice, this office will be opened and closed as follows:

Open at	7	o'clock, A M
Close at	7	o'clock, P M

SUNDAYS.

Open at	8	o'clock, A M
Close at	10	o'clock, A M

J. L. DUNNING, P. M.

ATLANTA POST OFFICE.—ARRIVAL and Departure of Mails. Office open at 7 o'clock, A. M.; Close at 7, P. M. Sundays from 8 to 10, A. M. Officers: JAMES L. DUNNING, Postmaster; JAMES DUNNING, Jr., Assistant Postmaster and Mailing Clerk; M. A. MCLAUGHLIN, Money Order Clerk; H. C. HOLCOMBE, Register Clerk; J. W. WOODRUFF, Distributing Clerk; J. F. WOODWARD, Gents' Delivery; R. J. ASHFORD, Ladies' Delivery; ROBERT JOHNSON, Clerk's Assistant.

	Mails arr've	Mails Cl'se
Washington, D. C.	3.45 A.M.	6 P.M.
New York	3.45 "	6 "
Philadelphia	3.45 "	6 "
Baltimore	3.45 "	6 "
Memphis and Arkansas	3.45 "	6 "
Louisville, Cincinnati, Chicago and Nashville	3.45 "	2 P.M. 2 "
W. & A. R. R. Way Mail	3.45 "	5 "
Augusta, Ga.	6.30 P.M.	5 P.M. 6 A.M
Charleston	7.45 A.M.	6.30 P.M. 5 P. M.
Ga. R. R. Way Mail, Athens, Ga. and Milledgeville, Ga.	4.30 P. M.	6 A.M.
M. & W. R. R. Way Mail	3.00 P. M.	6.45 A.M.
Macon	4.00 A. M.	6 P.M.
Savannah, S. W. R. R. and Florida	4.00 A. M.	6 P.M.
New Orleans, Mobile, Montgomery and Columbus	5.30 P.M.	7 A.M.
Atlanta and Montgomery Way Mail	5.30 P.M.	7 A.M.

TRI-WEEKLY MAIL LINE.

Atlanta to Dahlonega—Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.

Dahlonega to Blairsville and to Murphy, N. C.—Weekly—Saturdays.

Newnan to Carrollton and Bowden—Mondays, Wednesday and Fridays.

Newnan to Franklin—Semi-Weekly—Wednesdays and Saturdays.

Lexington to Grillin—Tri-Weekly, via Greenville, Ga.

Lexington to Columbus, via Hamilton—Tri-Weekly.

Stone Mountain, Ga., to Lawrenceville—Tri-Weekly.

Lawrenceville to Gainesville—Weekly—Saturdays.

Athens to Gainesville—Semi-Weekly—Tuesdays and Thursdays.

Cartersville to Marble Works and Hiwassee Weekly—Tuesdays.

A NEW DISCOVERY!

PHALON'S

"VITALIA,"

Salvation for the Hair.

CLEAR AS WATER!

WITHOUT SEDIMENT!

ODORLESS!

Just Restoring to Gray Hair its Original Color.

PHALON'S "VITALIA" differs utterly from all the hair coloring preparations heretofore used. It is limpid, sweet smelling, precipitates no muddy or slimy matter, requires no shaking, imparts no stain to the skin. Hold it to the light and it is clear and cloudless. It leaves no mark on the scalp; yet it reproduces in gray hair the natural color that time or sickness may have bleached out of it.

Phalon's Vitalia

is for one sole purpose, that of reproducing, with absolute certainty, the natural color of the hair. It is not intended as a daily dressing, nor for removing scurf or dandruff; nor for curing baldness; nor for stimulating the growth of the hair.—These objects may be accomplished after the color has been fixed with the Vitalia, by Phalon's Chemical Hair Invigorator.

THE VITALIA is a harmless and unequaled preparation for the reproduction of the original hue of gray hair, and nothing else. This is accomplished in from two to ten applications, according to the depth of shade required. Sold by all druggists.

TUTT'S VEGETABLE LIVER PILLS

Cures diseases of the Liver and Stomach

Tutt's Expectorant,

A pleasant cure for Coughs, Colds, etc.

Tutt's Sarsaparilla and Queen's Delight

The great Alterative and Blood Purifier.

Tutt's Improved Hair Dye,

Warranted the best dye in use.

These valuable preparations are for sale by all Druggists in Atlanta. june30-dly

JOHN N. COOPER,

WAREHOUSE,

Grocer and Commission Merchant,

LAGRANGE, GEORGIA,

WILL give his personal attention to Corn Flour and Bacon, consigned to him and will buy Cotton on commission. oct17-d3m

THE WILLINGHAM FERTILIZER

FOR COTTON, CORN, WHEAT.

THIS STANDARD MANURE, named after a well known practical Planter of Georgia and South Carolina, combines in a concentrated form all the fertilizing elements necessary for the production of COTTON, CORN and WHEAT, and by its use is certain to increase not only the yield, but to improve the quality of the products. It is made with a special view to the wants of the soils of the South, and can be relied upon as to excellence of material, containing highly necessary substances, the great cost of which have heretofore precluded their being in common use. It can be depended on as uniform, always reliable, and productive of good crops.

ALBANY, GA., September, 1869.

Having a full knowledge of the composition and process of manufacture of the "Willingham Cotton, Corn, Wheat and Rice Fertilizer," I have no hesitation in pronouncing it to be a most reliable fertilizer, one of the best in use, and most particularly adapted to the soil of Georgia and South Carolina.

THOMAS H. WILLINGHAM.

Price per ton, 2000 lbs.

Price per ton, 2000 lbs.

1st, on approved city acceptance.

B. L. WILLINGHAM,

GENERAL SUPERVISING AGENT,

FOR

South Carolina, Georgia & Alabama

PHILLIPS & MYERS

MANUFACTURERS & GENERAL AGENTS,

Savannah, Georgia.

W. M. & R. J. LOWRY,

AGENTS,

Atlanta, - - - - Georgia.

nov20-d6m

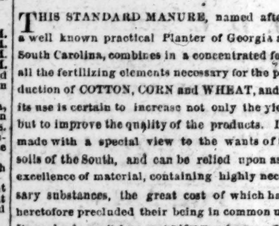
CLARK'S "O.N.T." Spool Cotton

IS THE BEST FOR HAND AND MACHINE SEWING.

FOR SALE BY ALL WHOLESALE and RETAIL DRY GOODS DEALERS.

dec15-deod3m

A. ERGENZINGER.



UPHOLSTERER & DEALER

—IN—

FURNITURE,

AND MANUFACTURER OF BEDDING.

Hunter Street, 3 doors from Whitehall, Atlanta. jan7 d3m

FICKEN HOUSE,

PEACHTREE STREET,

BY MR. AND MRS. J. ARCHER.

REGULAR and transient boarders taken at moderate rates. Good Fare and excellent accommodation. nov9-d3m

Railroads.

Winter Arrangement!

WESTERN & ATLANTIC RAILWAY.

THE OLD RELIABLE PASSENGER ROUTE

TO ALL

Northern, Eastern and Western Cities,

Carrying Great Southern Express.

The Only Route from Atlanta

RUNNING A

Double Daily Through Train,

Preventing a possibility of twenty-four (24) hours delay, incident to lines having but one Daily Train.

The United States Mail

BETWEEN ATLANTA AND NEW YORK

Is Carried Exclusively by this Line.

Through Passenger Trains Leave Atlanta

8:15 A. M.--5:50 P. M.

Making close connection at Kingston for

Rome, Selma, Meridian and New Orleans.

At Chattanooga, with the East Tennessee and Georgia Railroad for all points

NORTH AND EAST VIA LYNCHBURG.

The Memphis and Charleston, for

Canton, Memphis and New Orleans,

AND POINTS WEST.

The Nashville and Chattanooga, for

Nashville and all Points North, East and West via Louisville.

Passengers have choice of

TWENTY-SIX DIFFERENT ROUTES

FROM

Atlanta to New York.

PULLMAN'S TRAVELING PALACES

ON ALL NIGHT TRAINS.

The Best Eating Houses in the Country.

NO MIDNIGHT CHANGES.

Finely Finished Cars well Heated and Ventilated.

QUICK TIME AND SURE CONNECTIONS.

Tickets for sale at all Ticket Offices for all Points Reached by this Line.

FARE SAME AS BY OTHER ROUTES.

Baggage Checked Throu

We do not advertise our Cond[uctors]. Their department and attention do that.

B. W. WRENN, Gen. Ticket [Agent].
E. B. WALKER, Master Transportati[on].
E. HULBERT, Superinte[ndent].

nov28-d3m

THE GREAT SOUTHERN PASSENGER AND MAIL ROUTE!

—V—

ATLANTA AND AUGUSTA!

TO Charleston, Columbia, Charlotte, Raleigh, Wilmington, Camden, Richmond, Washington, Baltimor[e] Philadelphia and New York.

CONNECTIONS by THIS LINE are most certain and sure in all sea-ons.

THE EATING HOUSES

On this line have been thoroughly overhauled and refurnished. Ample time is given for Meals, and at regular hours.

CONDUCTORS on this Line are affable and courteous to passengers.

NO CHANGE OF CARS

BETWEEN

West Point, Ga., & Wilmington, N.C.

Quick Time and Sure Connection

VIA GEORGIA RAILROAD.

Passengers can purchase Through Tickets and have their Baggage Checked through from

New Orleans, Mobile, Montgomery, Columbus, and Atlanta,

TO

Richmond, Baltimore, Washington, Philadelphia, and New York.

BY

Four Different Routes, via Augusta, Kingsville, and Wilmington: via Columbia, Charlotte and Raleigh; via Columbia, Danville and Richmond; via Atlanta, Augusta, Wilmington and Bay Line

FARE AS LOW BY AUGUSTA

AS ANY OTHER ROUTE.

Pullman's Palace Sleeping Cars

ON

All Night Trains Leaving Atlanta

BY THIS ROUTE.

Passengers leaving Atlanta at 5:50 P. M. will find

Splendid Line of Steamships

From Charleston, S. C., to Baltimore, Philadelphia, Boston and New York.

THE CHARLESTON STEAMSHIPS

Offer every inducement to Passengers, with Tables supplied with every luxury the New York and Charleston Markets can afford, and for Safety, Speed and Comfort are

UNRIVALLED ON THE COAST.

Through Tickets on Sale at

Montgomery, West Point & Atlanta

TO

NEW YORK VIA CHARLESTON STEAMSHIPS

J. A. HOWBERT,

General Ticket Agent, Georgia Railroad.

apr13-d3m

GLORIOUS NEWS

FROM THE STATE FAIR

THE Fruitland Nurseries have just been awarded the highest Premiums at the Georgia State Fair. First Premium for the best and greatest variety of Grape Vines Plants. An extra Premium for the finest representation of our Specialties. First Premium for the largest collection of Standard Apple Trees. First Premium for the largest collection of Standard Peach Trees. First Premium for the largest and best collection of Pear Trees. First Premium for the greatest variety and best collection of

STRAWBERRY PLANTS!

The above Nurseries are by far the most complete and reliable in the United States. Our Stock embraces all the leading articles of Nursery Production. It is very large and superior. Our patrons may, therefore, regard

"FRUITLAND,"

as an establishment where the most complicated order for Horticulture and Arboriculture will be satisfactorily filled, and the latest information as to progress and discoveries can be had. Evergreens, the main reliance for planting Fruitland Ornamental Trees, Balbous Roots, Shrubs, Vines, Roses, Hedge Plants, etc., etc. Descriptive Catalogues and prices, with terms, sent on application.

Send your orders at once. It will be found by a careful comparison of our quotations with those of other firms, that we are not surpassed in the superiority of the first, or moderation of the last. All orders should be sent to or left with

E. VAN GOIDTSNOVEN,

HORTICULTURAL AGENT, ATLANTA, GA.

dec8-d1m

TO SOUTHERN MERCHANTS AND MILLINERS.

HILL & KETCHAM,

257 Canal Street, New York.

INVITE the attention of the Southern trade to their complete assortment of

STRAWGOODS,

and all articles in the Millinery line, consisting of Straw, Silk and Velvet Hats, Sundowns, Straw Cords and Tassels, Flowers and Feathers, Trimmings of all kinds, Bonnet and Hat Frames, etc.

Special attention is given to a line of Trimmed Goods, for country trade. Orders filled with great care. A trial of styles and prices is solicited.

HILL & KETCHAM,
257 Canal Street,
Between Broadway and Exiles' Hotel.

nov23-dly

66

HAVING lately removed into Thrasher's new building, just opposite my former stand, the public will do well to take

KNOWLEDGE

That, with a much more convenient house than before, I will be better prepared to serve them than ever. It

IS

POWER

Generally conceded and universally known that my system of business enables me to sell Boots, Shoes, Hats and Shoe Findings at a much lower rate than our credit merchants can afford, and the people the

PROFIT

by it. Call and see for yourselves. Remember the place to clothe their feet decently at a small expense. Do not fail to call at

I. T. BANKS',

nov16-[illegible] No. 66 Whitehall street.

FEMALE REGULATOR.

FEMALE REGULATOR,

$1.50 per Bot.

SUCCESS

UNPRECEDENTED!

Atlanta Department

SOUTHERN LIFE

Insurance Company.

Gen. JOHN B. GORDON, Pres't.

Progress UNEQUALLED by any Southern Company.

Over One Million Dollars of Insurance applied for monthly.

Secure. Its ratio of Assets to Liabilities scarcely excelled.

Economy. Strict economy in management is its prominent feature.

Expenses. Only about one half that of similar organizations of same age.

Popular. Its very rapid increase of business is proof.

Careful Selection of Risks is proven by extraordinary high Rates.

Assets Over $600,000 00, and very rapidly increasing.

Policy-holders now number nearly 4,000.

All desirous of insuring are invited to examine our claims.

Active and Experienced Agents Wanted.

apply to W. C. HOWARD, Secretary.

FOR RENT!

A DESIRABLE residence, in a good neighborhood, with Furniture, if desired. For further particulars apply at this Office. dec24-dtf

Bear Creek Hack Line!

WE have established a Hack Line from Bear Creek to Hollingsworth, for the convenience of passengers. We will also have hacks to run to Atlanta on the arrival and departure of the cars. All favors will be thankfully received by the public. Bear Creek. oct31-d3m

THE WOMAN'S WONDER.

DR. ABBEY'S ANTI-DYSPEPTIC

—OR—

LIVER MEDICINE

A certain cure for all kinds of Liver Complaints, and all diseases and indispositions of the Liver, such as

Dyspepsia and Acute Inflammations of the Liver, Chronic Dyspepsia, Sick Headache,

Sourness of the Stomach,

Loss of Appetite,

Lowliness of Spirits, Colic,

Costiveness, Fever, Ague,

Bilious Fever, Dropsy and Jaundice.

These Medicines are purely Vegetable, and perfectly harmless; but their efficacy is too permanently established in all the Southern and Western States to require any further recommendations. The wise will not fail to give them a fair trial—this is all that is asked.

RANDOLPH COUNTY, ALA.

DR. L. B ABBETT—I do hereby certify that your Liver Medicine, has cured my wife of the Sick Headache, and I would recommend it to all who are suffering with it. She was afflicted all her life—at least thirty-five years. Has no symptoms now. JAMES B. JONES.

RANDOLPH CO., ALA., JAN. 2, 1865.

DR. L. B. ABBETT—I take pleasure in saying to you, that my wife has been afflicted for twelve years, and after taking a few portions of your Liver Medicine, was restored to her wonted Health, and remains so, with very little symptom of the Dyspepsia or Liver Complaint.

JOEL FOWLER.

For sale by all the Druggists in Atlanta, and by Druggists everywhere.

CRAWFORD & WALKER, Prop'rs,
nov21-dly West Point, Ga.

CORN!

PROLIFIC CORN!

I have a species of Corn which I obtained from a man in Virginia some two years ago. This man and his Corn have been denounced as humbugs. I am not able to say whether the seed I obtained is the "Egyptain Corn" or not, but I do know from having grown it twice, that it is by far the most valuable species of Corn ever planted in this country. I am well satisfied that two crops of this Corn can be produced in the same year in this climate, and I know that on the same land, with the same seasons and culture, it will yield three times as much as any other kind of corn of which I have any knowledge. I have planted it for two years, and have realized large crops, literally without rain. In this excedingly dry year, if all the farmers of Bartow County had planted this corn, we would have been worth a million of dollars more than we are, and the people would have rejoiced in abundance of bread. I have some of this Corn for sale, and will dispose of it to those who wish to purchase at $6 a peck, delivered to the Railroad Agent at Kingston, Ga.

This Corn can be grown and gathered in this climate by the 15th of August, which gives far more ample time to prepare for and sow wheat, or other small grain on the same land. All orders to receive attention must be accompanied with the money, prepaid. I do not wish to sell less than one peck to any one order. Address me at Kingston, Ga. J. C. ROPER,

Sept. 23, 1869. Kingston, Ga.

We the undersigned citizens of Bartow county, do certify, that we visited the plantation of J. C. Roper about the 1st of August, 1869, and examined his field planted in the kind of Corn mentioned and described in his foregoing statement, and said field looked fresh and luxuriant, whilst the fields around and adjacent, seemed literally burned up with the drought. We are satisfied that Capt. Roper's statement about the Corn is true, and the undersigned, Lewis Tumlin, has already secured from him, seed to plant a large part of his crop the coming year. We counted twenty-three ears of corn produced from three grains this dry year. In our judgment, it is by far the most valuable Corn ever introduced into this country. L. TUMLIN,

Cartersville, Ga.

MARK A. HARDIN,

Sept. 23, 1869. Kingston, Ga.

Capt. J. C. Roper, of Kingston, Ga., gave me a few ears of Corn, which I planted on a piece of gray upland. The land was very well prepared, and pretty well matured, and the Corn planted the 7th day of April, 1869. I know, that from the time the Corn was waist high, until it was well glazed in the grain, there never was a "season" of rain upon it, and yet was green and fresh until maturity, and did not seem to suffer from drought. The yield was extraordinary and the Corn attracted the attention of almost every passer by. I am no farmer, and had of course but a small plat of ground planted in this Corn, but if my judgment is worth anything, I can say, that if I had planted this Corn altogether, I would have made, in this dry year, three or four times as much Corn as I did.

GEO. N. LESTER.

When the supply is exhausted, this advertisement will be withdrawn.

oct1-dtf

Terhune & Thomas,

Commission Merchants in

LIVE STOCK.

SLAUGHTERERS and Packers—wholesale and retail dealers in Beef, Pork, Mutton, etc. Constantly on hand.

Sausages, Corned and Spiced Beef.

Also, a large quantity of Choice Lard, packed by ourselves for the trade and family use. We are glad to inform our patrons and the public, that we have lately completed our very extensive arrangements for slaughtering and Packing Hogs, and would call the attention of country dealers to the fact that our Market Week Atlanta affords the best Market for Stock or Beeves. We would also request all country dealers, the advantages of our Market for selling their stock, as well as Meats for sale. We have a large number of Stalls for Beeves, and Pens for Hogs, and can slaughter and dress from one to two hundred Beeves a day. Direct letters to us at Atlanta, Ga. nov21-3m

Wholesale Grocers

COMMERCIAL BUILDING, WHITEHALL STREET

ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

CHAPMAN, TUCKER & CO.,

Commission Merchants,

Commission and Tobacco Merchants.

1869 Jordan, Howard & Hartaleon

COMMISSION

MERCHANTS

WHITEHALL STREET, ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

TOBACCO, LIQUORS, CIGARS, &c.

—OF—

All the Choice Brands and Qualities

—AT—

LOWEST CASH PRICE.

jan7

JOHN STEPHENS, Late with Glenn, Wright & Carr. JOHN H. FLYNN, Atlanta. LOUIS [illegible]

STEPHENS, FLYNN & CO.,

General Commission Merchants

IN GRAIN, PROVISIONS, PRODUCE, LIQUORS, &c.

Agents for the Sale of

LIME, GUANO, VIRGINIA LAND PLASTER & [illegible]

Forsyth Street—Near the Capitol—Atlanta, Ga.

HAVE NOW IN STORE AND IN TRANSIT

10,000 BUSHELS Corn from Kentucky and Tennessee.

10,000 BUSHELS Oats, Black, White and Mixed.

1,000 BUSHELS Wheat, Red and White.

200,000 LBS. Prime Timothy Hay.

1,000 POUNDS Prime Feathers, (Live Geese.)

1,000 BARRELS of Flour, Various Grades in Sacks and Barrels.

1,000 TONS Guano—Wilson's Ammoniated Super-Phosphate.

PURE OLD RYE WHISKEY

Corn Whisky, Virginia Apple Brandy, Bacon, Lard, Bulk Meats, Poultry, Eggs, Apples, Oranges, etc., Lime, Hydraulic Cement, Portable Grain Mills.

Our Consignments Come Direct from Producers and Manufacturers,

And will be sold low, as our instructions are to sell promptly. Dealers will find it to their interest to give us a trial.

We are also prepared to receive and sell COTTON ON CONSIGNMENT, and make liberal advances on the same.

dec26-d6m STEPHENS, FLYNN & CO.

M. O. MARKHAM,

Dealer in

BOOTS AND SHOES, LEATHER, CALF SKINS,

SHOE FINDINGS, ETC.,

Empire Block, Whitehall

oct14-d3m Atlanta, Georgia.

LAMP OILS.

JOHN T. HAGAN,

WHOLESALE DEALER IN

PETRO OIL, AND KEROSENE OIL.

Whitehall st., Atlanta, Ga

LAMPS AND GOODS

Separate from my Oil business, I keep a first-class stock of

PLAIN AND FANCY GROCERIES

Especially adapted to the RETAIL CITY TRADE, I have just received the following:

Pearl Hominy,	5,000 lbs. Candy—assorted,
Pearl Grits,	Citron, Canned Fruit, Dates,
Buckwheat Flour,	50 kinds Crackers—fresh,
Hams—sugar-cured,	Bologna Sausages, Oysters, Salmon,
Breakfast Bacon,	Oranges, Lemons,
Dried Beef, Fresh Mullet,	Dressed Poultry,
	Pickled Pigs Feet, etc., etc.
	Raisins Figs, Prunes,
	Cranberries, Pickles,
	Sour Crout, Sardines,
	Bologna Sausages, Apples in quantity,
	Java Coffee—old Gov't,

A fine lot of WHISKIES, WINES and OLD JERSEY CIDER, on hand. Country Dealers would find it to their advantage to get their Lamp Oils and Lamp Goods of me.

My OIL WAGON will start soon, when the citizens may have the best KEROSENE or PETRO OIL delivered at their doors, without extra charge.

No Oil kept in Grocery Department. JOHN T. HAGAN,

dec19-d6m Sign Red Pump.

A GOOD CHANCE

FOR Parents to educate their Boys and have them under the immediate charge of one of the Professors, Prof. J. A. Richardson, of the Atlanta High School, will board and school as many as four boys for six months, including Lodging, Fuel, Lights and Washing, for the very moderate sum of $100, cash to be paid in advance. Parents desiring to avail themselves of this opportunity, must apply at once to

PROF. J. A. RICHARDSON,
Atlanta, P. O. Box 95.

References—Prof. Richardson takes the liberty to refer to Rev. W. T. Brantley, D. D.; Rev. Jesse Boring, D. D.; Rev. J. S. Wilson, D. D., and Col. A. Austell. jan1-d1w

A Rare Chance.

WANTED—A Partner, with from one to two thousand dollars, in a Foundry and Machine shop at Dalton, Ga. From our facilities the location is unsurpassed, possessing a well established reputation as Builders of Engines and Mill Machinery of all kinds. Address communication on the subject to

ROBERT BATEY,
Dalton Manufacturing Co.
dec19-d1m Dalton, Ga.

NO EXCUSE FOR IDLENESS—$25 PER MONTH made by Ministers, Teachers, Intelligent Young Men, Ladies, Farmers, etc., selling our NEW IMPROVED DOMESTIC SENNE FAMILY SEWING MACHINE. It makes the elastic lock stitch and will do every stitch, tuck, braid and embroidery required. Is superior to all others. Price only $25. Warranted for three years. Agents wanted. Circulars free. Address with stamp, J. E. BEECHER & CO., Bridgeport, Conn. We challenge the world to produce its equal. Agents are greatly desired. WE HAVE LIKE AND OTHER VALUABLE PATENTS. AGENTS WANTED EVERYWHERE. For circulars and terms to agents, address SENNE SEWING MACHINE CO., Box 178, West Point, Ga. dec25-d6m

O. K. SMITH. | E. T. STURGEON. | S. H. GORDON.

SMITH, STURGEON & CO.,

Louisville, Kentucky,

WHOLESALE DEALERS in Provisions, Flour, Mill Feed, Hay, Corn, Oats, Potatoes, and other Produce. Consignments solicited and special attention given to southern orders for any merchandise in this market.

References—Adair & Bro. nov20-d6m

M. E. JONES & CO.,

Practical Slaters,

Atlanta, - - - - Georgia.

POST-OFFICE BOX 50.

SLATE ROOFS put up in any part of the South with utmost dispatch. All work done at the lowest rates and in the best manner.

Jobbing of all kinds promptly attended to. Orders addressed as above will receive prompt attention.

All work warranted.

Also, Agents for Georgia slate. oct21-d6m

DR. RICHAU'S GOLDEN REMEDIES,

ASK for no other, take no other, and you will save time, health and money.

$1,000 REWARD for any case of disease in any stage which they fail to CURE.

Dr. RICHAU'S GOLDEN BALSAM No. 1 cures Ulcers, Ulcerated Sore Throat and Mouth, Sore Eyes, Cutaneous or Skin Eruptions, Copper Colored Blotches, Scrofula of the Body, Scrofula, &c., is the greatest Renovator, Alterative and Blood Purifier known, removes all diseases from the system, and leaves the blood pure and healthy.

Dr. RICHAU'S GOLDEN BALSAM No. 2 cures Mercurial Affections, Rheumatism in all its forms, whether from mercury or other causes; gives immediate relief in all cases of kidney diseases. Over 1,000 testimonials of Certificates proving the marvelous cures effected by these peerless Pieces of Merit. $2.5 for No. 1, $5.00 per bottle, or two bottles for $9.00.

Dr. RICHAU'S GOLDEN ANTIDOTE, a safe, speedy, pleasant and perfect cure for all Urinary Derangements, accompanied with full directions. Price $2.00 per bottle.

Dr. RICHAU'S GOLDEN ELIXIR D'AMOUR, a radical cure for Nervous or General Debility, in all of Youth's Indiscretions, Impotency with wonderful effect. Price $2.00 per bottle or two bottles for $3.00.

On receipt of price, these remedies will be shipped to any place. Prompt attention paid to all letters of inquiry. Pamphlets sent free. Write for circular. Beware of counterfeits without the name of DR. RICHAU'S GOLDEN REMEDIES, "D. R. RICHAU, sole Proprietor," blown in glass of bottles. Address

DR. D. RICHAUD,
No. 229 Varick St., New York.
Office hours from 9 A. M. to 9 P. M. Circulars sent. july4-dly

A Rare Chance.

WANTED—A Partner, with from one to two thousand dollars, in a Foundry and Machine shop at Dalton, Ga. From our facilities the location is unsurpassed, possessing a well established reputation as Builders of Engines and Mill Machinery of all kinds. Address communication on the subject to

ROBERT BATEY,
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PACIFIC GUANO COMPANY

SOLUBLE

PACIFIC GUANO

CAPITAL $1,500,000.

Price $72.50cts Per Ton.

THIS Guano differs from Peruvian Guano only in the relative proportions of the elements of fertility. Its use during the past years for the culture of Cotton and Corn has put it a character for standard excellence fully equal to that produced by genuine Peruvian Guano, and when used in equal quantities of strength interchangeable, it produces a larger number of crops.

The price at which the Guano is placed is much below that of Peruvian Guano, and is not to be an object of material importance to Southern Agriculture.

The large capital and resources of the Company enable it to furnish a Guano of the highest grade at the lowest possible cost to consumers, and the highest interest of the Company is represented in this policy. The Company look to large sales on small profits and a permanent trade for the continuation in capital invested. Dr. St. John Ravenel, of South Carolina, is Scientific Director of the Company, which affords a sure guarantee for the continued excellence of the Guano. Each package is sealed with the name of John R. Williams & Co., General Agents of the Pacific Guano Company. For terms and mode of application address

ADAIR & BRO., Agents,
St Whitehall Street, Atlanta, Ga.

Pacific Guano Company

COMPOUND

Acid Phosphate of Lime

FOR COMPOSTING WITH COTTON SEED.

Price $22 50cts Per Ton.

THIS article is Manufactured at the Company's Works, under the direction and personal supervision of Dr. Ravenel. It contains the best elements of fertility as Soluble Pacific Guano, except that it is not furnished with Ammonia. It is prepared expressly for composting with cotton seed, which furnishes the element of Ammonia, the subject being to render that side product of the cotton cultivation available to the highest degree of improvement of fertility. For further information, apply to the undersigned.

ADAIR & BRO., Agents,
St Whitehall Street, Atlanta, Ga.